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This Week—

By M. I. N. I.

The President, in his Wisconsin speech, emphatically reiterated his adherence to the policies of the New Deal. Among them is an effective National Defense. Do not waver from its provision, Mr. President!

Secretary Dern continues to be quoted in favor of an increased and better equipped Army. Public reaction to his opinions is favorable. Congress should listen now.

Did you note that in the Missouri primary, Representative Cochran was defeated for the democratic senatorial nomination. The people of Missouri are for an adequate Army, Mr. Cochran.

Don't neglect the immediate marking and mailing of your ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL promotion poll card. The majority sentiment of the Army which the poll will reveal will determine the kind of promotion reform effected. So mark and mail your card.

In New York where he returned this week and where the New Mexico is being overhauled, Admiral Reeves is reiterating that the battleship is the backbone of the fleet. A wholesome truth, Admiral!

Japanese Navy estimates for 1935-36 call for \$67,963,800 more than the appropriations for the current year. The increase is to be spent on new construction and reequipment of warships and for aviation. Apparently the Admiralty is preparing effectively for disarmament next year!

Long range seaplanes which the Navy is building will, it is said, impair the chances of further dirigible construction. The President, who saw the Macon in operation, may have his own answer to that suggestion.

Again the Navy has won the national balloon race. With its ace balloonist, Lieutenant Commander Settle, on duty on the China station, and thus out of the running, the Navy entered his aide of last year, Lt. (jg) Charles H. Kendall. Lieutenant Kendall with Lt. (jg) H. T. Orville as aide, won the race and will represent the United States in the International Gordon Bennett race at Warsaw next month. The American entrants at Poland probably all will be service men, for Capt. William J. Flood of the Army, piloted the Army balloon which was second in the competition, and Lt. Haynie McCormick will probably be certified as third-place winner.

I hear that Capt. Jack Craige, Marine-author, may have to retire from active service. An injury received a year or more ago has kept him in the hospital most of the time and gives little promise of healing.

Capt. Augustin T. Beauregard re-
(Continued on Next Page)

Results of First Returns on Journal Poll

Results of the first few days' return of ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL Promotion Poll ballots tabulated Thursday, August 9, reveal that if the first 132 voters represent any sort of cross section of officers of the Army, that service will not favor promotion based solely on selection up.

Of the total of 132 votes tabulated that day only two votes were cast specifically for question number three—"A method based solely on selection up." Thus only 1.53 per cent of the voters specify a "selection up" system of promotion.

As to the highest number of votes, there were 40 of the 132 cast each for questions One (the MacArthur bill with such attrition as comes normally and under the revised Class B method) and question Five (a method based upon some combination of the preceding three—A method based on forced attrition, a method based solely upon selection up, and a method based solely upon selection out). It is quite noteworthy that of those who checked Number Five a large number, either in their "remarks" or by scratching out Number Three, indicated that they wished to exclude selection up, thus indicating that forced attrition systems, featured by selection out, seemed to hold preference.

Thus 30.5 per cent of the voters favored the MacArthur plan of promotion and the same percentage favor a combination of selection and forced attrition.

The next highest number of votes was for question Four (a method based solely upon selection out), which received 18 out of the 132 checks. Thus 13.6 per cent favor a pure selection out system.

The next largest number of votes was for question Eight (any other plan you may have in mind), which question was checked by 13 voters. A number of these wanted no change at all.

Next in order was question Two (a method based upon forced attrition), which brought forth 10 votes, or 7.5 per cent.

Question Six (a method based upon a separate promotion list for independent branches) poll seven votes. Of the seven, four were Air Corps votes and one each from the Judge Advocate General's Department, Quartermaster Corps, and Corps of Engineers.

Tying selection up for low place was question Seven (a promotion list based upon revision with some combination of the other methods), which received only two checks—one each from the Finance Department and Corps of Engineers.

The largest number of votes from any branch was from the Infantry which cast 22 of the 132 votes. Of these nine—or more than 40 per cent—voted for No. Five, the combination of selection and forced attrition. Six, or about 27 per cent voted for the MacArthur plan.

It is interesting to note that of the seven votes cast by the Judge Advocate General's Department, six were for the MacArthur bill.

The general officers, including both line generals and chiefs of arms and

Journal Ballot Cards

Ballot cards for the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL's Promotion Poll should now be in the hands of every active officer of the promotion list branches of the Army. The prompt filling out and return of these cards is urged.

If you have not received your ballot, notify the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL at once in order that one may be supplied to you.

services, voted with one exception for selection or forced attrition. One major general voted for forced attrition, three major generals and one brigadier general for the forced attrition-selection combination, and one checked question eight.

As to grades 36 captains and 47 majors headed the list. Of the captains 15 voted for the MacArthur plan, and nine for the forced-attrition-selection combination. Of the majors the percentage ran the other way, 16 voting for the forced attrition-selection combination and 11 for the MacArthur plan.

One fact should be kept in mind in analyzing these first few votes and that is that a large percentage (better than 90 per cent) were from Washington, D. C., which, of course, had the best opportunity to receive and return their ballots.

Meanwhile, the War Department General Council is carrying forward its study of the Army promotion problem. The plans drawn up by the officers of the various branches and now distributed and being analyzed by the other branches and by the General Council.

Every effort should be made to expedite the filling out and returning of the ballots in order that the War Department General Council may have the benefit of this survey of Army sentiment on promotion. As previously announced, to be of full service to the Council, the ballots should be in by Sept. 1, 1934.

In order that the fullest benefit may be derived, it is urged that officers who decide to respond to "No. 8" on the ballot—"Any other plan you may have in mind"—also check the other specific plan meeting with their approval as second choice.

Also officers who check "No. 8" should epitomize, in the space for "remarks" or on a separate sheet of paper, the plan he prefers so that full weight can be given to his views.

Command Post Exercise

For the first time since the reorganization of the Army into four Field Armies, the War Department plans to hold a G. H. Q. Command Post Exercise, preceded by a review of mobilization plans. The purpose of these is to give field training to higher commanders and staffs, to check existing plans and to determine the practicability of the Four Army organization.

The review of mobilization plans which will be held from August 12th to (Continued on Next Page)

Expected Retirements Will Speed Promotion

Considerable stimulation to promotion in the Army will result from the operation of the rejuvenated Class "B" procedure, initiated by the War Department, and the general speeding up of other normal methods of retirement necessitated by the provision of the War Department appropriation act.

The appropriation act, it is recalled, while maintaining the average of 12,000 officers, provides that after September 30, 1934, there shall not be on the active list more than 11,750 officers whose original commissions are dated prior to June 1, 1934.

Through an analysis of retirements already ordered, of orders directing others to appear before retiring boards, and of estimates of the probable results of the Class B board, it is certain that by November 1 there will be an appreciable number of officers ordered up for promotion.

Through a study of the above factors it may be estimated that there will be between approximately 70 and 75 lieutenant colonels ordered up for promotion to colonel by November 1, 1934. As to majors, there will likely be between 90 and 95 up for promotion.

Naturally these figures increase in the lower grades, so that it is probable that between 125 and 130 captains will go up to majors, while 215 to 220 first lieutenants will be ordered up for promotion. In the lowest grade, figures indicate that between 225 and 230 second lieutenants will be promoted to be first lieutenants.

In this connection it is interesting to note that the new Class B procedure practically results in a mild form of "selection out."

It has been estimated that continued activity of the "B" board, under the new executive order, will result in the elimination of from 1 to 2 per cent of Army commissioned personnel each year. This rate of attrition, when combined with other normal methods of separation, would be of material benefit to promotion. The normal separations result in between 350 and 400 loss to the active list each year. An additional two per cent would bring this figure up to approximately 600.

Navy Gunnery Winners

Awards in the gunnery competition for the submarine and patrol classes were announced this week.

The USS Nautilus, flagship of Submarine Division 12, now on a cruise to Alaska and Hawaiian waters, is awarded the gunnery trophy in the class of fleet submarines. The trophy for the S-type has been won by the USS S-14, flagship of Submarine Division 6. The second place in the competition for S-type vessels was attained by the USS S-37, flagship of Submarine Division 10, Asiatic Fleet.

The commanding officers of the submarines, Lt. Comdr. Paul R. Glutting, USN, of the Nautilus, Lt. E. C. Mahoney, USN, of the S-14, and Lt. F. O. Johnson, USN, of the S-37, will be given letters of commendation by the Secretary of the Navy. They will display the (Continued on Next Page)

Editors Comment on Matters of Interest to Personnel of the Army and Navy

Matters of interest to the personnel of the armed services have been the subject of comment in the editorial columns of leading newspapers of late.

"Of vital importance is the report just submitted to Secretary of War Dern by a committee, headed by Newton D. Baker, wartime war secretary, which for three months has been studying American military aviation policy," states the *Rochester Times Union*.

"American air policy also cannot ignore the fact that Great Britain is planning to spend 20,000,000 pounds to add about 500 planes to her force and since these would be the latest models, the result is expected to put the British Royal Air Force ahead of us in air efficiency.

"In view of the tremendous importance which the air had assumed in the closing phases of the World War, and the great development of aircraft since then, there can be no excuse for neglecting this vitally important military arm.

"Man for man our flyers, civilian and military, have proved by their achievements in the last 15 years that they are the equals if not the superiors of the flying men of other nations.

"They must not be handicapped by lack of the right sort of planes."

"General MacArthur, Chief of Staff, condemns the obsolete system of promotions in the United States Army," declares the *Washington Herald*.

"It is not a system of promotions; it is a system of non-promotions. * * *

"The fact is that we have not an Army of the size adequate to accommodate the officers in their right of promotion. * * *

"We train men to Army officerships at West Point.

"We decorate billboards with attractive posters urging young men to adopt Army service as a career because of the opportunities it affords them.

"We, in fact, deceive and cheat these young men because the Army, like any private organization, can not be regarded as a career so long as it stifles the chance of complete advancement and honor and salary of rank.

"General MacArthur proposes that the present system of stagnation be studied and that a means be devised to fulfill the promises which the Government offers to officers and men.

"No better means to achieve this happy and necessary result could be devised than to increase the size of the Army itself.

"Public security requires this enlargement to be made.

"The morale of the Army requires this enlargement to be made.

"We can not expect to have an Army high in morale, enthusiastic and eager, if we forever deny to its members the right to increased rank, emolument and prestige."

Asserting that the separation of the United States from Europe and Asia by oceans made a large standing army unnecessary, the *Baltimore Sun* asks:

"Why, then, this agitation for 50,000 more troops? The attitude of General MacArthur, the chief of staff, is understandable, if not defensible. He is a profes-

This Week—

(Continued from First Page)

ceives the important post of Naval Attaché to the American Embassy at Paris, relieving Capt. David M. LeBreton, who now commands the cruiser Portland. Besides being Naval representative in France, Captain Beauregard will be attaché to Spain and Portugal as well. With most of the European countries initiating new building programs the post will be a busy one, Captain.

* * *

Rumors are prevalent in Washington that the government departments, including War and Navy, will shortly go on a five-day week. The gossip is wholly unconfirmed so far, officials declaring themselves ignorant of any such plans. It appears a bit doubtful to me how the defense departments could close up for 64 hours once a week. However, a nucleus watch force might be retained to allow the officers and employees the long week-end.

Navy Gunnery Winners

(Continued from First Page)

gunnery trophy of their class on board during the coming year and the Nautilus and S-14 will have the privilege of painting a white E on the bridge to denote winning of the competition. The USS S-37 will paint a red E to denote its



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high standing in the competition.

The crew of the USS S-35 of Submarine Division 9, based at Pearl Harbor, T. H., will receive prize money from the Majorie Sterrett fund, for the highest merit in battle torpedo practices of submarines. The S-35 was commanded by Lt. Comdr. C. W. Weitzel, USN, with Lt. (jg) J. A. Scott, USN, as torpedo officer.

Letters of commendation from the Secretary of the Navy have been sent to Lt. R. H. Rodgers, USN, gunnery officer of the Nautilus; Lt. (jg) A. J. Walden, USN, gunnery officer of the S-30, for highest combined merits in gun practices in the respective classes; and to Lt. S. R. Hickey, USN, torpedo repair officer of the base rendering service to the S-35, which contributed to her high standing in the torpedo practices.

The USS Partridge, of the Train Squadron 2, Base Force, commanded by Lt. H. K. Stubbs, USN, won first place in gunnery competition for the Patrol Class. She will receive the gunnery trophy, and a white E. A letter from the Secretary of the Navy will be sent to her commanding officer.

Cadets on Boar Hunt

Ft. Benning, Ga.—Cadets of the First Class of the United States Military Academy turned out 190 strong last Sunday under the guidance of Capt. Sidney H. Negrotto to hunt wild boars on the military reservation. The field assembled at the Infantry School Hunt Kennels at five o'clock in the morning and was treated to hot coffee by the Officers' Club. The Cadets and their guests were then divided into three sections under Lts. Charles R. Landon, Louis B. Ely, and William H. Baché. Captain Negrotto and his staff immediately lead the field off at a brisk trot toward the southeastern part of the reservation.

Hunting the lowlands south of the Yankee Road the hounds soon picked up a boar trail and headed east. A fast chase ensued and the cadets and their femmies were given an excellent taste of cross country riding. The chase was abruptly halted by a creek bed just as the hounds bayed the boar. Capt. Wilbur S. Elliot, one of the Whips, and about half of the cadets, dismounted, waded the

sional soldier and the active commanding officer of the military forces. The bigger the army he has under him the bigger he will be. Yet his arguments that we need a larger army for use "in time of emergency" and to "form a permanent force to repel any invader" do not stand up under examination. He should be asked what emergency he has in mind and what invader.

"Secretary of War Dern and Representative Thompson, of Texas, have not even MacArthur's excuse. They are civilians both. Thompson has advanced the silly argument that his bill for a larger army would really be a relief measure, for it would take care of 50,000 jobless men. But why force them into military service to obtain food and shelter?

"These militarists will have to produce much more convincing reasons than they have to date if they would persuade the average taxpayer of the advisability of supporting another 50,000 soldiers."

Under the heading, "New Sea Powers" the *Chicago Tribune* publishes the following:

"Inasmuch as the league of nations covenant provided that the British empire should have six votes, recognizing the dignity of the self-governing dominions of the commonwealth, it would seem to have taken the British statesmen a long time to see the consistency of applying this principle to the naval ratio agreement. The oversight has been remedied. The Indian government finds a need for ten warships to protect the coast.

"Before the ratio days Australia contributed cruisers to the national defense, one of which brought the career of the German Emden to an end. The matter was broached in Canada, but better judgment prevailed when it was considered that in all probability the United States fleet would be governed by a policy which could not disregard an attempt against the Canadian coast line. This was all before the days of naval limitation. In the ratio Great Britain is one thing, India another, Australia a third, etc.

"The suggestion will not be lost upon Japan. Manchuria is now, as Japan tells the world, an independent nation. It may need a fleet almost as great as the Japanese fleet, and if a few more ships are needed Formosa might be recognized as a dominion. The United States may be obliged, in the end, to make Puerto Rico the great naval power of the Atlantic and Hawaii the naval sovereign of the Pacific."

"The American ice patrol, whose job is to prevent such accidents as befell the Titanic twenty years ago, from icebergs, has completed its year's work with a record that shows unmistakably its value to ocean travel," the *Newport, R. I., news* states. "In twenty years, since the Titanic disaster, not a life has been lost from the Arctic iceberg menace. The United States does not pay the entire expenses of the patrol. Great Britain pays forty per cent, amounting to \$23,156; the United States eighteen per cent, Russia one per cent, and Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Northern Ireland, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, Norway and Sweden contribute. It is a worthwhile service."

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Command Post Exercise

(Continued from First Page)

the 25th, inclusive, will be conducted by the Zone of the Interior and will be participated in by the War Department, by all Corps Area Headquarters, by selected type Zone of the Interior installations, by selected inactive units from the Regular Army, and by all units and installations required to have mobilization plans. This review is the annual check-up of plans and does not entail the movement of any troops or the complete setting up or functioning of any supply or training agencies. Present plans will simply be checked by units at their home stations for accuracy and completeness of detail.

The Command Post Exercise which will cover the period August 26th to September 8th, inclusive, and will consist of two parts, as follows:

1. The first part to be held at home stations or at such places as may be designated by Army Commanders, and to comprise:

a. Preliminary training to perfect the organization and functioning of the Headquarters.

b. Drawing up of operation plans under the assumed situation, to include the organization of a theater of operations, together with its communication zone.

2. The second part to be held in the field in the Northern New Jersey Area, making use of the military installations existing in that area, and to comprise:

a. The concentration and supply of forces in the theater of operations.

b. Situations covering the advance to and conduct of battle.

Only the officers comprising the General Headquarters, the First and Second Army Headquarters, the First, Second, Third, Fifth and Sixth Corps Headquarters, the Regular Army and National Guard Division Headquarters of these Corps, the Headquarters of two Cavalry Divisions, and the Headquarters of the G. H. Q. Air Force will participate. The purpose of the Command Post Exercise is to train the higher commanders and their staffs in their duties involving a major operation with large units.

The following was published on the first page of the *Rapid City Journal*, of Rapid City, S. D., July 28, 1934:

"Rapid City and its guests have a debt of gratitude to pay to the Fourth United States Cavalry commanded by Col. W. R. Pope.

"People came from all over the United States to see the Stratosphere balloon start its conquest of the upper air from the Strato Camp this morning. Last night and early today from thirty to fifty thousand persons crowded the rim of the bowl. The crowds offered one of the most difficult jobs for guards imaginable.

"But the Fourth Cavalry remained efficient and courteous through the long night and morning. The service the men rendered the public was a smiling, friendly service. Questions were answered thoughtfully and willingly. Often times useful information was volunteered. Necessary orders for the sake of the welfare of both the enterprise and the public were delivered as requests.

"Their courtesy did not interfere with their efficiency.

"Rapid City, people of the Black Hills, and thousands of travelers will thank a Tennessee officer and gentleman, and the commissioned and enlisted gentlemen of his command."

Army Officers Express Promotion Preferences as Journal Poll Begins

Expressions on Promotion

One of the most interesting features of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL's promotion poll was the remarks penned upon the ballots by various officers. These may well be taken as indicating the studied thoughts of a cross section of the Army.

A number of those checking the MacArthur bill elaborated on their vote with remarks or qualifications.

"As a matter of fact, I do not see that any new promotion law is needed," writes a Finance Department captain who voted for No. 1.

"If any method of additional forced attrition is adopted the staff branches should be excluded from its application and placed on a running mate basis," declare two majors of the Judge Advocate General's Department who favor the MacArthur bill.

"Class B should never be used to force attrition," comments another JAGD major who voted for the MacArthur plan.

A captain of Cavalry lists No. 4—selection out—with liberal retirement provisions, as his second choice. A JAGD major notes that he favors No. 6—a separate promotion list—as second choice to No. 1. A first lieutenant of the Quartermaster Corps declares that he favors the MacArthur bill with "slight modifications" which he does not specify.

"I prefer the MacArthur bill with promotion from captain to major after 17 years' service," states a Quartermaster Corps captain, "and forced attrition if necessary."

"The MacArthur bill with revision of the promotion lists," votes a Finance Department captain.

Remarks were made by those checking in favor of No. 2—Forced Attrition—as follows:

A major general says that he favors a method based on forced attrition with "selection out, based on value to the service."

A captain of Signal Corps adds "forced attrition with present Class B."

A major of Infantry who checked in favor of forced attrition says that it should include "voluntary retirements on same retired pay as those forced out."

Those favoring selection out also made some interesting comments, a lieutenant colonel of Field Artillery saying that he favors "a method based upon selection out to secure the proper degree of attrition," adding, "I favor the Thummel-Hedrick plan except that the decreased cost incident thereto justifies, in my judgment, retired pay of 75 per cent to all the officers selected out. Class B will take care of those who are not worthy of this treatment."

A major of Ordnance checking "4" says "as per Navy, otherwise."

A lieutenant colonel of Infantry favors selection out, saying, "On the basis of efficiency, including attrition in all grades, top to bottom."

A major of Chemical Warfare service writes, "A method based in greater part upon selection out. See C. W. S. plan for one combining simplicity, workability and economy."

"The only way to accelerate general promotion," says a major of Engineers, "is to create vacancies. Vacancies should be created by selecting out the least efficient in each grade regardless of their position on the promotion list."

In voting for No. 5—a method based on some combination of the preceding three, i.e., forced attrition, selection up and selection out—a lieutenant colonel of Coast Artillery writes:

"I would require that the system bring about five hundred vacancies in the grade of second lieutenant annually. Attrition should be general but heaviest among the colonels and among the largest annual classes."

"I favor any plan which will help promotion and has the best chance of adoption," declares a captain of Engineers in voting for No. 5.

"I favor the Ordnance Department plan, which has been submitted to the General Council, involving gradual elimi-

The Promotion Poll by Rank

The following table shows the results of the first few days' returns of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL Promotion Poll classified according to rank:

Promotion Plan	Votes Cast for Promotion Plans as Numbered on Journal Promotion Ballot						
	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7
Major Generals	0	1	0	0	3	0	0
Brigadier Generals	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Colonels	3	0	0	0	2	0	0
Lieutenant Colonels	7	2	0	5	5	1	0
Majors	11	4	0	8	16	3	0
Captains	15	3	1	3	9	2	1
First Lieutenants	3	0	1	1	3	1	1
Second Lieutenants	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
TOTALS	40	10	2	18	40	7	13

How the Arms and Services Voted

The following tabulation shows the results of the first few days' returns of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL Promotion Poll classified according to Arms and Services: Votes Cast for Promotion Plans as Numbered on Journal Promotion Ballot

Promotion Plan	Votes Cast for Promotion Plans as Numbered on Journal Promotion Ballot						
	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7
Adj. Gen. Dept.	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Judge Advocate Gen. Dept.	6	0	0	0	0	1	0
Quartermaster Corps	5	0	1	1	7	1	0
Finance Dept.	5	0	0	0	1	0	1
Engineer Corps	6	0	1	2	3	1	1
Ordnance Dept.	1	1	0	4	5	0	2
Signal Corps	2	1	0	0	1	0	1
Chemical Warfare Service	0	0	0	2	1	0	2
Cavalry	2	1	0	2	2	0	0
Field Artillery	2	3	0	2	3	0	0
Coast Artillery	4	1	0	2	6	0	1
Infantry	6	3	0	3	9	0	0
Air Corps	0	0	0	0	1	4	0
Generals of the Line	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
TOTALS	40	10	2	18	40	7	13

nation by age-in-grade," writes a captain of Ordnance who checked No. 5.

Six of those who checked No. 5 recorded themselves as either opposed to selection up entirely or opposed to it except as in force at present, for promotion to major general and brigadier general. Among these are a major general, a lieutenant colonel of Ordnance, two majors of Coast Artillery, a Quartermaster Corps major, and an Air Corps first lieutenant. A Cavalry major checks No. 5 as his first choice, and indicates that the MacArthur bill, or a method based on forced attrition would be acceptable.

In voting for No. 5, a Quartermaster Corps lieutenant colonel records himself as being decidedly opposed to the creation of a separate promotion list for each branch. "The present list should include the Medical Corps, the Dental Corps and the Veterinary Corps," he declares.

A first lieutenant of Air Corps who cast his vote for a separate promotion list said, "Separate promotion list to enable Air Corps to advance officers in direct proportion to casualties in that branch."

Virtually all of those checking No. 8—"Any other plan you may have in mind"—had of necessity to make some remarks. Among those received this week were as follows:

Captain, Finance Department—"Selection and professional examination."

Major, Quartermaster Corps (detailed in G.S.C.)—"Service in grade promotion with selection out and voluntary retirement."

Major, Ordnance Department—"Commission all officers in U. S. Army instead of branches. No other change necessary."

Brigadier General—"Present system plus mild selection out on three-quarters base pay of those of all grades, the least fit, to insure together with the usual

Key to Question Numbers

Votes in the adjoining tables are classified under the numbered headings on the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL's Promotion Poll ballots as follows:

Which method of promotion would you favor of the following:

1. The MacArthur Bill with such attrition as comes normally and under the revised Class B method.

2. A method based upon forced attrition.

3. A method based solely upon selection up.

4. A method based solely upon selection out.

5. A method based upon some combination of the preceding three.

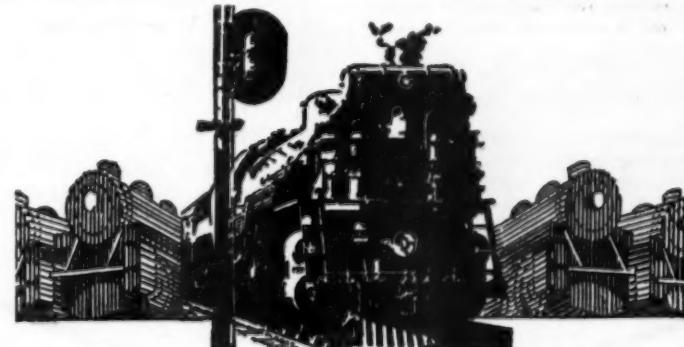
6. A method based upon a separate promotion list for independent branches.

7. A promotion list based upon revision with some combination of the other methods.

8. Any other plan you may have in mind.

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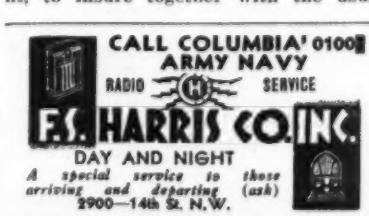
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CHESAPEAKE & OHIO



THE UNITED STATES ARMY

Expressions on Promotion

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Colonel, Corps of Engineers, "I favor the present plan, unchanged."

Lieutenant Colonel, Quartermaster Corps—"The Status Quo."

Major, Chemical Warfare Service—"I favor the Reed bill."

1st Lieutenant, Chemical Warfare Service—"I favor the Reed bill—except no advantages for the Air Corps."

A major of Coast Artillery, "A combination of the MacArthur bill with some form of forced attrition."

Captain, Ordnance Department—"The Parsons plan. No selection scheme can be worked equitably, and even if it could be very few officers would believe in even approximate fairness in its use."

Lieutenant Colonel, Adjutant General's Department, "No substantial change necessary in permanent system. Reduction of 'hump' by voluntary retirements."

Major, Signal Corps, "I favor no change at this time. It would undermine the integrity of the retired list."

Lieutenant Colonel, Infantry, "Promotion at stated period corresponding to pay periods. Forcible retirement of all officers at 57 years not on general selective list."

A captain of Quartermaster Corps checked both 1 and 2 and stated that he is in favor of a combination of the MacArthur bill and forced attrition.

A lieutenant colonel of the Signal Corps checked both 2 and 4, scratching out the words "solely" in "A method based solely upon selection."

A major of the Quartermaster Corps failed to check any of the questions but wrote at the bottom, "Leave the thing 'as is'."

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Chemical Warfare Graduates

The Chemical Warfare School at Edgewood Arsenal, Md., graduated its field officers' course on Aug. 3, 1934. Those graduating were as follows:

Captain, USN—Alfred G. Howe.

Commanders, USN—Harold E. Saunders, CC, Thomas S. McCloy, John W. Gates, William M. Quigley, Willard E. Cheadle, James C. Clark, William S. Hogg, Jr., and Aaron S. Merrill.

Majors—Herbert DeW. Porterfield, MC, George L. Van Deusen, SC, Joseph F. Cottrell, CAC, Carl F. McKinney, Inf, Thomas J. J. Christian, FA, John H. Lindt, CAC, Charles A. Ross, Inf, William C. Foote, CAC, Carl E. Hocker, CAC, Leroy H. Watson, Inf, Louis E. Hibbs, FA, Eustis L. Poland, Inf, James C. Hutson, CAC, Roderick R. Allen, Cav, Percy W. Clarkson, Inf, John W. McDonald, Cav, Adrian St. John, CWS, William K. Turner, MC, James M. Miller, MC, Stanley C. Smock, VC, Thomas R. McCarley, MC, Ernest N. Harmon, Cav, George H. Weems, Inf, and William H. Joiner, OD.

Lieutenant Commanders, USN—Theodore L. Schumacher, CC, and Owen E. Grimm.

Captains—Maurice Morgan, CAC, Rhey T. Hollett, Cav, Harold D. Woolley, Inf, George L. Eberle, Inf, James T. Duke, Cav, Everett L. Upson, Inf, Maurice E. Barker, CWS, Charles S. Harris, CAC, Walton W. Cox, CWS (Cav), Frank E. Brokaw, Inf, William W. Wise, CWS, Frank U. Greer, Inf, St. Clair Street, AC, Leroy A. Whittaker, CAC, John W. Slattery, Ord. Dept., Clayton L. Bissell, AC, Samuel C. Eaton, Jr., AC, and Walter E. Lorence, CE.

Lieutenants, USN—Harry F. Gray and Stockard R. Hickey.

First Lieutenant—Raymond T. Beurket, CWS (FA).

Indian War Veterans

The sixth annual convention of the United Indian War Veterans, U. S. A., will take place in San Francisco Sept. 7 and 8, 1934, on which occasion national officers will be elected and installed for the ensuing year and much important business transacted.

All ex-soldiers who have participated as such in active Indian warfare and the wives and the widows of such are being invited to attend and participate.

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Washington, D. C.

Ordnance Eligible List

The following Ordnance Department staff sergeant eligible list as of July 1, 1934, was made public this week:

No.	Name	Section
1.	Paul E. Pddy.	POS
2.	Martin T. Pflueger.	POS
3.	Conrad W. Anderson.	POS
4.	Robert R. Funk.	POS
5.	Martin H. Jenkins.	POS
6.	Rufus A. Stanfield.	POS
7.	James E. Smalley.	POS
8.	Theodore Monson.	POS
9.	Frank M. Dodge.	POS
10.	George S. Allen.	B
11.	Oakley B. Dyer.	POS
12.	Clifton B. Nelson, Sr.	POS
13.	Pinckney M. Kenyon.	POS
14.	Hal C. Nank.	C
15.	Rebel J. Jones.	POS
16.	Jeff Wise.	POS
17.	Archie Chilstrom.	POS
18.	William T. Jones.	POS
19.	Robert A. Lacasse.	POS
20.	John Cleghorn.	POS
21.	Zenius E. Finnegan.	D
22.	John E. Fouts.	POS
23.	Bolelaus Krupinski.	POS
24.	Leo G. Loper.	POS
25.	William T. Richardson.	POS
26.	John A. Dolan.	POS
27.	Dominick Lubrano.	POS
28.	Thomas J. Bostock.	POS
29.	Charles L. Reed.	POS
30.	Buel L. Stiles.	POS
31.	Joseph S. Mlekski.	B
32.	George A. Morgan.	POS
33.	John J. Pitman.	POS
34.	Leroy Maher.	POS
35.	William R. Melton.	POS
36.	James H. Sawyer.	POS
37.	Ariel H. McCarthy.	B
38.	William G. McMillen.	POS
39.	Searcy W. Brindley.	POS
40.	Herbert V. Jones.	POS
41.	Adam G. Payne.	POS
42.	William H. Owens.	D
43.	Robert C. Dedmon.	POS
44.	Austin Almon.	B
45.	Gilbert Roy.	D
46.	Amilio Aran.	POS
47.	David Cutler.	POS
48.	Faustino DeVega.	D
49.	Harry R. Johnson.	POS
50.	Drury H. Greer.	POS
51.	John H. Epstain.	POS
52.	Oliver Hamilton.	B
53.	Allan A. Ahern.	POS
54.	Lawrence D. Hallmeyer.	POS
55.	Jack Handey.	POS
56.	Joseph Jacobson.	A
57.	Walter E. Branch.	POS
58.	Robert B. Bohacek.	POS
59.	Boris Savoff.	B
60.	Harold L. Brennen.	POS
61.	Chester N. Rees.	POS
62.	Joseph B. Bondi.	POS
63.	Clarence L. Connolly.	POS
64.	Anthony J. Unavage.	POS
65.	Walter H. Gester.	POS
66.	John L. Claypool.	A
67.	Thomas F. Pierce.	POS
68.	Virgil J. O'Malley.	POS
69.	Richard H. Yowell.	POS
70.	Elbert E. Wells.	POS
71.	Karl M. Andersen.	POS
72.	Morton T. Williamson.	D
73.	George W. Allyn.	POS
74.	Edgar A. Tiner.	B
75.	William H. Edwards.	POS
76.	Ralph M. Call.	POS
77.	Robert W. Fitzpatrick.	POS
78.	Thomas E. Toops.	C
79.	Albert E. Norman.	POS
80.	Maurice I. Peck.	POS
81.	Carl F. Hay.	B
82.	Francis M. Howard.	POS
83.	David J. Murray.	POS
84.	Manuel Caetano.	B
85.	Irvin R. Vollrath.	POS
86.	Edgar F. Johnson.	POS
87.	William F. Boese.	POS
88.	Clarence F. King.	POS
89.	Bernard L. Curtis.	B
90.	Wilton B. Moats.	POS
91.	Robert L. Howard.	POS
92.	Carl S. Snoderly.	D
93.	William H. Steales.	POS
94.	Paul Jones.	POS
95.	Robert R. Koons.	POS
96.	George H. Fox.	POS
97.	Eugene Sheridan.	POS
98.	Roy N. Haynes.	POS
99.	Donald B. Montgomery.	POS
100.	Pedro de J. Rio Velez.	POS
101.	Charles P. Dressler.	POS
102.	Francis F. Shipton.	POS
103.	Jack McFarland.	A
104.	Van W. Deese.	D
105.	Oscar Davis.	B
106.	John C. DeVenny.	POS
107.	Charles M. Uphouse.	POS

Special List

1.	John H. Glen*.	D
2.	Walter A. Walker*.	D

3. William T. McGimpsey..... POS
4. John Fruhbauer..... A

*Colored
POS—Post Ord. Sgt.
A—Maintenance
B—Depot & Supply
C—Ammunition
D—Administration.

The foregoing list was prepared according to the provisions of paragraph 8c, Ordnance Department Orders No. 13, dated June 29, 1931. This list includes all eligibles from the 1934 examinations and also those remaining from previous examinations during the preceding five years except those former eligibles who took the 1934 examinations and failed therein. Appointments will be made from this list to fill all vacancies occurring in the grade of Staff Sergeant, Ordnance Department, prior to July 1, 1935, when the list will be again revised.

CCC Selections in 1st Corps Area

Boston.—Maj. Gen. Fox Conner, Commanding General of the First Corps Area, announced this week that six companies among the 122 of the Civilian Conservation Corps in the New England States have been selected as the most outstanding by U. S. Army officers in command of the six New England districts.

Selection of the six companies was made in connection with awards to be made by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL to the nine most outstanding companies among the approximately 1,700 numbering 360,000 members in the country at large.

Acting on the reports received from the District CCC Commanders, General Conner ordered a board of officers to designate the most outstanding company from the six selected by the District Commanders. This award covers the third period of the CCC camps ending September 30.

The six companies selected as the most outstanding in New England are:

First District

158 Company, Acadia National Park, Southwest Harbor, Maine. Capt. Millard D. MacLaughlin, Infantry Reserve Corps, commanding officer. Camp Superintendent: Reginald Ingalls.

Second District

145th Company, Coolidge State Forest, Plymouth, Vermont. Capt. William H. Shurtliff, Cavalry Reserve Corps, commanding officer. Camp Superintendent: Normand E. Borden.

Third District

167th Company, Andover Camp, North Reading, Mass. Capt. George A. Gould, Infantry Reserve Corps, commanding officer. Camp Superintendent: R. F. Smith.

Fourth District

393rd Company, Fall River, Mass. Capt. Jesse W. Hubbs, Infantry Reserve Corps, commanding officer. Superintendent: J. H. Doyle.

Fifth District

1201st Company, Haddam, Conn. Capt. Roland F. Sellew, Ordnance Reserve Corps, commanding officer. Superintendent: R. F. Coughlin.

Sixth District

1110th Company, Camp Mead Camp, Middlesex, Vermont. Capt. James R. Hawkes, Infantry Reserve Corps, commanding officer. Superintendent: H. C. Byrnes.

Army Transport Sailings

USS Grant—Leave New York Aug. 21; arrive Cristobal Aug. 27, leave Aug. 28; arrive San Francisco Sept. 7, leave Sept. 12; arrive Honolulu Sept. 18.

Chateau Thierry—Arrive San Juan Aug. 13, leave Aug. 14; arrive Cristobal Aug. 17, leave Aug. 21; arrive San Juan Aug. 24, leave Aug. 24; arrive New York Aug. 28, leave Sept. 6; arrive San Juan Sept. 10, leave Sept. 11; arrive Cristobal Sept. 14, leave Sept. 18.

Republic—Arrive Honolulu Aug. 16, leave Aug. 20; arrive San Francisco Aug. 27, leave Sept. 1; arrive Cristobal Sept. 11, leave Sept. 12; arrive New York Sept. 18, leave Sept. 28.



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"Shakedown" of New Carrier

The Navy's new aircraft carrier, Ranger, will leave Hampton Roads, Va., Aug. 17, for her shakedown cruise to Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, it was announced this week.

The carrier will arrive at Rio de Janeiro on Aug. 30, and remain there until Sept. 9, returning to Hampton Roads, Sept. 14. The vessel commanded by Capt. Arthur L. Bristol, USN, was placed in commission at the Naval Operating Base, Norfolk, Va., June 4.

The Ranger was authorized by Act of Congress Feb. 18, 1929, and was constructed by the Newport News Shipbuilding Company. Her dimensions are: displacement, 13,800 tons; length on the water line, 727 feet; beam, 80 feet, 2 inches; mean draft, 19 feet. The vessel will carry a total of 72 planes of various types.

The Ranger, named in honor of the flagship of Commodore John Paul Jones of Revolutionary fame, is the first vessel of the United States Navy to have been designed and constructed as an airplane carrier, other carriers now in commission having been converted for that duty from other type of construction; the USS Langley, from the collier USS Jupiter, and the USS Lexington and USS Saratoga, having been originally laid down and designed as battle cruisers.

To Commission Tuscaloosa

Acting Secretary Henry L. Roosevelt announced this week that the Heavy Cruiser, Tuscaloosa, will be placed in commission at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, Aug. 15, by Rear Adm. William C. Watts, USN, Commandant of the 4th Naval District. Capt. John N. Ferguson, USN, now in charge of the fitting out of the Tuscaloosa, will be in command when she is commissioned and Comdr. Daniel A. McElduff, USN, will be her Executive Officer.

The Tuscaloosa, authorized by Act of Congress Feb. 18, 1929, was constructed by the New York Shipbuilding Company, Camden, N. J. Her dimensions are: length overall, 610 feet; extreme beam, 66 feet; displacement, 10,000 tons; caliber of largest guns, 8-inch; complement, 551 men. She has a designed speed of 33 knots and will carry 4 planes.

Navy Transport Sailings

USS Chaumont—Leave San Francisco Aug. 17; arrive San Pedro Aug. 19, leave Aug. 20; arrive San Diego Aug. 21, leave Aug. 22; arrive Canal Zone Aug. 31, leave Sept. 3; arrive Port Au Prince Sept. 6, leave Sept. 6; arrive Guantamano Sept. 7, leave Sept. 7; arrive N. O. B. Norfolk, Sept. 12.

USS Henderson—Arrive Honolulu Aug. 18, leave Aug. 21; arrive Guam Sept. 4, leave Sept. 5; arrive Manila Sept. 11, leave Oct. 13; arrive Guam Oct. 19, leave Oct. 20; arrive Honolulu Nov. 2, leave Nov. 5; arrive San Francisco Nov. 13.

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Annual Admirals' Tea

With 40 attending, including more than a dozen admirals, both active and retired, the annual admirals' tea was held the afternoon of Aug. 8, by Rear Adm. and Mrs. Spencer Wood at their Jamestown, R. I., residence for the sixth consecutive year.

For several years, Admiral Wood has held this tea on the anniversary of his birth. The teas were started in 1926 by Adm. George C. Remey, and on his death in 1928, Admiral Wood continued the entertainment.

Admiral and Mrs. Wood were assisted in receiving by their daughter, Mrs. John H. N. H. Potter, who arrived from Mendham, N. J., for the affair. Among the guests present were Admiral Wood's brother, John W. Wood, from Geneva, N. Y., and Charles Francis Adams, former Secretary of the Navy.

Among the flag officers from the fleet were Vice Adm. Thomas T. Craven, Rear Adm. Arthur J. Hepburn and Orin G. Murfin. Rear Adm. Edward C. Kalbfus, president of the Newport Naval War College, was present, as was a member of the advance class at that institution, Rear Adm. W. S. Pye.

There were 11 admirals from the retired officers' list present, headed by Adm. William B. Caperton, senior retired admiral. The others were Vice Adm. W. L. Rodgers, Rear Adm. Julian L. Latimer, Bradley Fiske, Reginald Nicholson, J. H. Dayton, Albert Gleaves, Clifford J. Boush, Ralph Earle, George R. Marvel and Lucius A. Bostwick. Comm. J. P. Parker also was present.

Other guests were Maj. Gen. John A. Lejeune, MC-Ret., and Capts. Edwin T. Pollock, E. H. Watson, Edwin H. Tillman, L. A. Kaiser, Duncan Wood, Abram Claude, USN-Ret., Col. Moses, USMC; Comdr. John W. Morse, J. Bertram Lipincott, H. S. Morris, Joseph S. Lovering, Charles M. McCloud, Arthur B. Lisle and Col. Frederick C. Testa, USA, commandant of Ft. Adams.

Praise U. S. Naval Academy

Extracts from the recent report of the Board of visitors to the United States Naval Academy follow:

At present there are approximately 235 officers attached to the Naval Academy proper and 237 to the postgraduate school not including additional officers connected with other naval activities in the vicinity. Of these only 66 can be assigned to Government quarters; while the remainder must find accommodations where they can in the city of Annapolis.

To meet this situation, it is proposed and the Board recommends that there be erected apartment houses for 48 families in the area now designated as the Superintendent's garden and for 36 families in the area now occupied by 15 small temporary bungalows. The recommendation includes the construction of a central heating plant north of Dorsey Creek to provide for all buildings in this area, including the naval hospital and the proposed subsistence and Hospital Corps men's barracks. The estimated cost of this project is \$1,250,000.

"The corpsmen attached to the naval hospital now occupy certain temporary war-time frame structures which it is proposed to replace by a combined subsistence and corpsmen's barracks building whose estimated cost will be \$178,000. The Board considers this to be a necessary improvement and recommends

its approval.

"The Board recommends the approval of a request that there be erected a fireproof repair shop and storage building, at an estimated cost of \$62,000, to replace the temporary one-story frame structure located near the supply department. This building will centralize the various shop and storage facilities required by the department of buildings and grounds.

"A request is made for an appropriation of \$725,000 for the erection of a combined museum building and planetarium on a site between the Officers' Club and Sampson Hall. While the Board recognizes the great inspirational value of a suitable museum and the advantages of a planetarium as an aid to the study of astronomy, it doubts the wisdom of recommending this proposal under the present economic conditions.

"The Board's attention was called to the need for additional playgrounds and for soundproofing the ceiling and walls of the mess room in Bancroft Hall, although no definite plans or estimates of cost for either improvement were submitted. The Board recommends that such plans and estimates for playgrounds be developed and submitted to the next Board of Visitors for consideration. Since the cost of soundproofing the mess hall will not be large and since the improvement will contribute materially to the comfort of the midshipmen, the Board recommends that the project be carried out whenever the funds therefor are available.

"The Board notes with satisfaction that work has begun on the academy's power and heating plant, which when it is completed will provide the institution with a thoroughly modern boiler and electrical plant. The Board also notes that arrangements between the academy and the Annapolis Metropolitan Sewerage Commission have been completed whereby the sanitary sewage from the academy will be disposed of in the sewerage system of the commission.

"The Board recommends that a portion of the court at Isherwood Hall be roofed over in order to make a section room where midshipmen working out results in laboratory experiments may be in an atmosphere conductive to thought and free from the noise of operating machinery and so improve the character of their laboratory work. Not over \$9,000 will effect this desirable improvement."

Ask Navy Building Settlement

Contracts for the construction of naval vessels of this year's building program should be held up until settlement is made of the labor troubles in the shipbuilding industry. Senator David I. Walsh, of Mass., declared in a letter to Secretary of the Navy Swanson this week.

Complaints made to the Senate Committee on Education and Labor that the industrial relations committee provided for in the shipbuilding industry code had not been set up and the wage scales in the yards were unsatisfactory to labor were cited to the Navy Department by Senator Walsh.

"In no event," Senator Walsh wrote Secretary Swanson, "should the Navy Department proceed with the letting of these contracts until the labor questions now pending are solved by some definite contractual understanding with the contractors."

Acting Secretary of the Navy Henry L. Roosevelt in reply to inquiries of the press regarding the matter stated.

"The Navy Department is giving careful study to Senator Walsh's letter in regard to satisfactory industrial relations for the shipbuilding industry; and with that end in view meetings have been, and are being held with representatives of the various interests concerned. I see no reason why the matters under consideration may not be satisfactorily adjusted before next week, and we expect to open bids for the construction of 24 naval vessels on Aug. 15."

Coast Guard News

The Coast Guard rifle team, firing at sectional rifle matches at Camp Curtis Guild, Wakefield, Mass., this week, ran off with more than a fair share of honors in the early matches of the meet.

Competing in the annual tournament sponsored by the United States Services of New England, which with other regional meets have taken the place of the national matches formerly held every year at Camp Perry, the Coast Guard captured three first places, five seconds, four thirds and three fourths. Details of the victories and the results of the later matches are not yet available. The scores made by the shooters in the matches will be compared with scores at other sectional meets to determine the national winners.

According to a radio message received at Headquarters, the Coast Guard entrants finished first and fourth in both the President's Match and the Wade Match, and were one, two and three in the 26th Division Match. Members of the team were second, fourth and fifth in the Scott Match, second and third in the Army Ordnance Match, third in the Camp Perry Instructors Match, third in Niedner Match, second in the United Services Match and second in the Navy Match.

Lt. L. H. Morine is in charge of the Coast Guard rifle team. Members of the team are: Ens. J. R. Henthorn, Gunner E. A. Ninness, C. B. M. James Q. Allgood, C. B. M. Paul Goulden, C. G. M. Walter Morrison, B. M. 1c Earl C. Jones, B. M. 1c Melvin O. Wilson, Q. M. 1c Donald A. Brown, C. G. M. George L. Taylor, Mo. M. 2c James C. Jones, G. M. 1c Einar K. A. Taiten, 1 Sc Christopher Collins, Sea 1c Joseph H. Wilkinson, B. M. 2c Marcus N. Cobb.

Plans for the Navy to take over Coast Guard communications in the North Atlantic section for a two-year trial period went forward this week as instructions were issued for the transfer of equipment from the Coast Guard radio stations to Naval Radio Stations.

Apparatus from the Coast Guard station at Winthrop, Mass., will be turned over to the Naval Radio Station at Boston; the CG station at Rockaway, N. Y., will transfer specified equipment to the Naval station at Brooklyn; and the Coast Guard station at New London, Conn., will transfer equipment to the Naval Radio Station there. The station at Cape May, N. J., will remain under the Coast Guard.

It is the plan for the Navy to take over the Winthrop station on the first of September, the Rockaway station on Sept. 15 and the New London station, Oct. 1. Coast Guard personnel at these stations will be kept on duty for one month after the transfer when the Navy personnel will take charge. Thereafter the personnel will be assigned to duties elsewhere.

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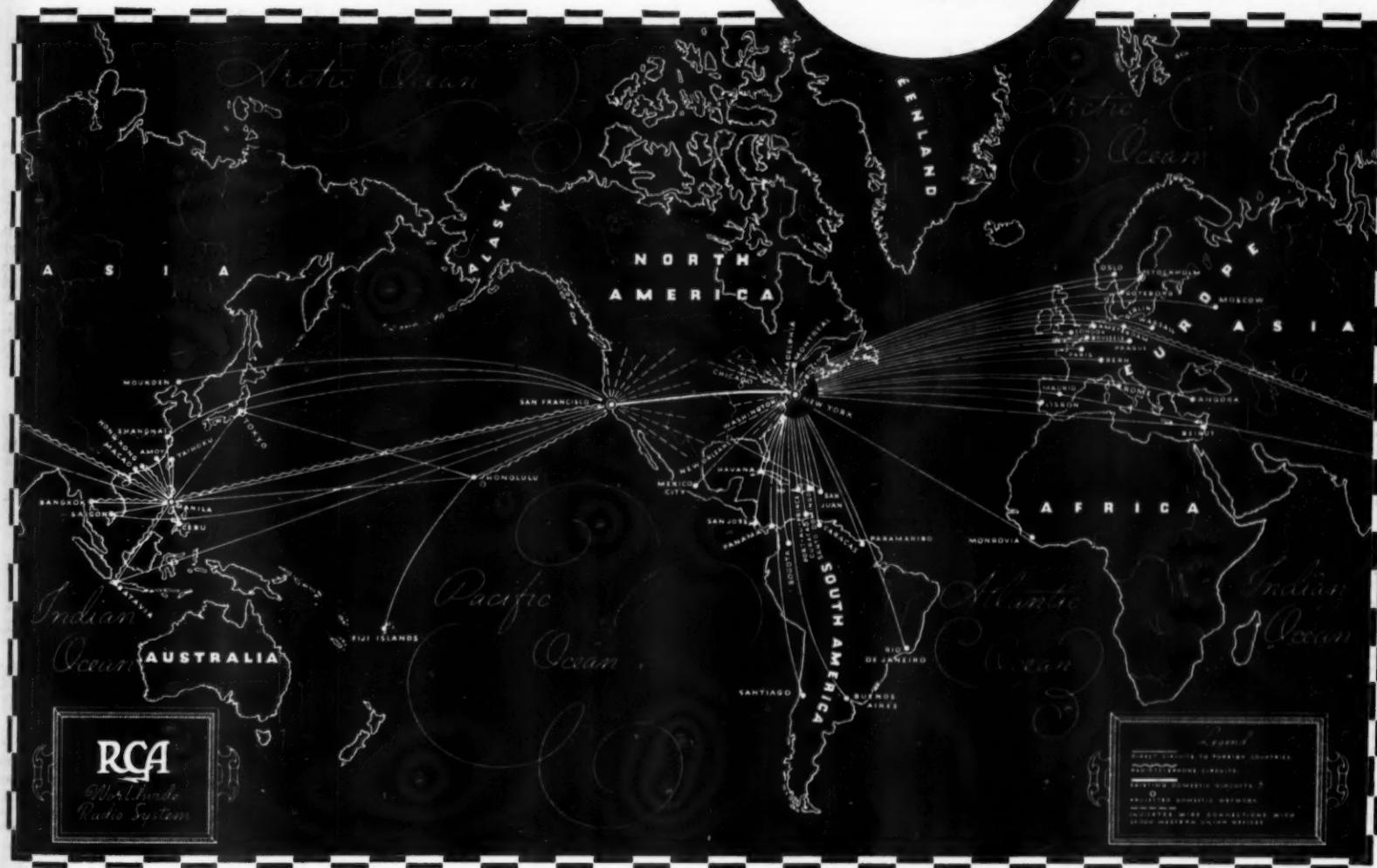
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SATURDAY, AUGUST 11, 1934

"One of the best means to repel invasion is to provide the requisite force for invasion before the invader himself has reached the soil."—ANDREW JACKSON.

SHOWING ITS APPRECIATION OF THE EFFORT we are making to ascertain the promotion sentiment of the promotion list of the Army, there has come instant response to the post card questionnaire we have distributed. Every mail this week has brought us cards indicating the principles preferred by the officers transmitting them. The cards reaching the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL this week naturally have come from those stationed in the east. Next week we will receive the preferences of those in the west. Arrangements have been made to gather the cards in the Philippines and China, for their tabulation there and transmission of the results by radio. Thus by September 1, the date fixed for the closure of the poll, there should be in our possession replies from every officer on the promotion list. However, we cannot urge too strongly that the moment the card is received it be marked and mailed. This will provide the time necessary for the analyses we are making, and enable weekly publication of the results of the poll up to Thursday of each week. Admittedly the poll is the best means of ascertaining the sentiment of the promotion list as a whole, and failure on the part of any officer to answer would give a false impression and prevent the drafting of legislation to meet the majority sentiment. Therefore, we repeat, mail your card, with its preference marked, the moment you receive it. If by a clerical or postoffice error your card has not been received in the United States within the next week or abroad within the next three weeks, please notify us so that one can be sent to you without delay. We are asking the closest cooperation in this matter because of the vital effect of the poll upon the Army and upon the individual fortunes of every officer.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S ARRIVAL IN WASHINGTON will be followed by his action upon matters of importance to National Defense. To carry out his announced purpose to build the Navy up to Treaty limits within the next three or four years, definite sums for new construction must be included in the naval estimates in course of preparation, and these estimates, also, must contain provision for additional personnel. It is now known the President has been informed relative to the conclusions of the Baker Board, not only with respect to the Air Corps and airplane construction, but to the needs of the other branches of the Army. If the views expressed by the Secretary of War can be accepted as reflecting those Mr. Roosevelt holds, it is certain better equipment will be provided and perhaps also the increase in the commissioned and enlisted personnel which was advocated during the closing days of the past session of Congress. We published last week the news that General MacArthur, with his usual promptness, was having an analysis of the Baker Board report made by the General Staff, and is planning to recommend that the administrative and organizational changes proposed be put into immediate effect. He also will get in touch with other departments relative to the suggestions of cooperation advanced, and will urge that they be adopted without delay. So far so good. There remain the matters which will require action by Congress, legislation relative to promotion, better, and especially needed, treatment of the enlisted personnel, and appropriations for the equipment all branches so imperatively required. We urge further renewed consideration of the unsatisfactory pay situation. Mr. Roosevelt has demonstrated he is aware that in the present troubled condition of the world the United States must be provided with efficient and effective National Defense. He knows the Disarmament Conference for 1935 is a failure, though it is in a state of suspended animation. He is informed of the preparedness activities in Europe and Japan, of the joint plans which have been worked out by the British and French General Staffs ostensibly directed against Germany, and relating especially to air attack, and of the strong sentiment in England, as declared by Lord Beatty, for an increase of the cruiser strength of the British Fleet beyond that to which this government is willing to agree. It is because of this knowledge, and in the slight hope that he can force disarmament, that the President is planning to build up the Navy and to increase the efficiency of the Army. He is being guided by the wisdom of acting before it is too late.

INCLUDED IN THE NEED OF THE COUNTRY FOR DEFENSE purposes is, of course, plants properly equipped to supply the Army and the Navy should they be forced into active operations. This need has been frequently recognized by the Executive and by Congress and has been responsible for orders which would assure the maintenance of such plants. One of the outstanding lessons of the World War was that military and naval forces could not perform their vital missions unless supported by the entire population behind them, the farmer in the field, the artisan in the factory, and the business executive in his sphere. The inability of the Allies to supply their troops caused them to turn to the United States, and in spite of the expansion of our munitions factories it took time for them to furnish the material required by the A. E. F. and the troops at home. When the war ended still our men were without the quantities of things necessary for their effective functioning. Yet in disregard of that experience, which unquestionably cost the government hundreds of millions of dollars, a movement is on to cast into disrepute the concerns and their personnel which are available for use in time of war. If any American corporation is intriguing to foment war or is inspiring war scares in order to make profit, it should be held up to public scorn. We do not believe there are any such corporations. The truth will come out in the investigation which the Nye Senatorial Committee has instituted. In the meantime, it is suggested to Mr. Nye, Senator Pope and others that if their conclusions are to be accepted by the American people they should not, in advance of the receipt of evidence, express a biased view of an industry essential to National Defense. Now that the inquiry has started it should be fairly conducted, with members of the Committee sitting as judges and not as propagandists.

Service Humor

Help!
Recruit—"Oh, doctor I am so sick, if I can only die."
Doctor—"I'll do the very best I can for you."

—USS California Cub.

There's A Reason
Sailor—"Since I met you I can't eat, I can't sleep, I can't drink."
She (shyly)—"Why not?"
Sailor—"I'm broke."

—USS Melville Job Order.

—Exactly

A colored woman went into a store to buy a collar for her husband.
"What size?" asked the clerk.

"I done forget de size," replied the woman, "but ah kin jes' manage to reach around his throat wif bof hands."

—Bamboo Breezes.

Four Or More
Top Watch—"What would you do if the Captain fainted on the bridge?"
Jo—"Bring him to."

Top Watch—"Then what?"
Jo—"Bring him two more."

—USS Arkansas Arklite.

He Knew
Teacher—"Children, I want you to write down a list of twelve famous men."

Army junior's answer—
West Point Football team 11
George Washington 1
Total 12

—Bad Spot

Lieutenant—"How's that new recruit coming along?"
Sergeant—"Well, to tell the truth, sir, he's in a mighty bad situation right now."

Lieutenant—"Isn't he developing all right?"
Sergeant—"Yes, but he's reached a point where he's too smart to work properly under orders, but he isn't smart enough to work without 'em."

Got To Be Good

An aged cavalry soldier, worn down from his years of retirement, was eking out his last days in a civilian hospital. He was not making much progress physically and the attendant physician asked if there was anything he would like done for him.

"Yes," said the old soldier, "you can get me a good veterinarian."

"What," replied the astonished physician, "you don't want a veterinarian. They treat horses, you know."

"I know," was the answer, "and I know how doctors work. They ask you where you are sick, they poke you in the ribs and ask if that hurts, and then they ask your family history. Now, I've seen veterinarians work and I know they must know their business because they never can ask questions, so they just have to know."

—Orders

Top Kick—"I want this message delivered pronto, understand?"

Buck—"Absolutely, sir."

Top Kick—"You know on your way you pass that bar on the left hand side of the road?"

Buck—"Yes, sir."

Top Kick—"Well, pass it."

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

T. M. F.—You can secure a print of the official insignia of the Marine Corps by writing to Marine Corps Headquarters, Navy Department, Washington, D. C. There is no official insignia for the Army, nor for the Navy. Each arm and service of the Army has their own insignia, and similarly there are insignia for the various branches of the naval service. Prints of some of these insignia may be secured by writing to the Office of the Quartermaster General, War Department, and the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department.

R. W. F.—The transport Hancock arrived in Manila, P. I., with the 21st Infantry and First Field Artillery on May 11, 1899. The transport Sheridan left Manila, P. I., on Oct. 16, 1901, via Nagasaki, Japan, and arrived at San Francisco on Dec. 6, 1901. This vessel did not touch at any Chinese ports on this voyage.

IN THE JOURNAL

10 Years Ago

General John J. Pershing, General of the Armies, Chief of Staff, left Washington, Aug. 8, on his last tour of inspection before his retirement on Sept. 12.

20 Years Ago

Army and Navy officers now in Europe are being directed to report to the American Ambassadors in whatever country they may be located with a view to possible details as military observers with the armies at war. Among those now known to be abroad are: Capt. F. H. Pope, QMC; Capt. W. A. Castle, Inf.; Lt. F. W. Honeycutt, FA; Lt. E. S. John Greble, FA; Capt. A. M. Miller, Cav.; Maj. M. J. Henry, QMC; Capt. Frank Parker, Cav.; Capt. Berkefeld Enochs, Inf., and Lt. Comdr. Walter R. Gherardi, USN.

30 Years Ago

News has reached the Department from the Isthmus that the health of the Marines in Panama, commanded by Maj. John A. Lejeune, continues to be very good.

50 Years Ago

The Army and Navy Gun Foundry Board has divided itself into two committees to devise in detail the methods of carrying out its own recommendations. The three Army officers are engaged upon the details of the Army gun foundry recommended to be established at Watervliet arsenal, and the three naval officers are at similar work with reference to the naval gun foundry at the Washington Navy Yard.

70 Years Ago

A summary of marine losses for July shows the loss of 33 vessels, and the total value of the property destroyed, captured and missing is \$2,359,000. Of these vessels nine were captured and burned. Since January 1 the whole number of vessels lost is 258, and the loss in property is fixed at \$12,546,350.

War Department
Organized Reserves

OFFICIAL ORDERS

Navy Dept.
Marine Corps

ARMY ORDERS

GENERAL STAFF CORPS
GENERAL DOUGLAS MacARTHUR, The C. of S.

Lt. Col. Charles F. Thompson (Inf.), relieved Org. Res., 9th CA; to Oregon State Agriculture College, Corvallis, Ore.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.
MAJ. GEN. ARTHUR W. BROWN, The JAG. Maj. Myron C. Cramer, from Washington, D. C., to Philippine Dept.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS
MAJ. GEN. LOUIS H. BASH, The QMG.

Capt. Aubrey H. Baldwin, from Panama, Canal Dept., to Harrisburg, Pa.

Capt. James C. Longino, from Madison Bks., N. Y., to Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.

Capt. John C. Whitaker, Detroit, Mich., will proceed to his home, await retirement.

2nd Lt. Jesse H. Veal, from San Rafael, Calif., to Cambridge, Mass.

Capt. Walter L. Shearman retired on his own application after more than 35 years service, effective Sept. 30, 1934.

Following officers relieved from station indicated after names and will proceed to Panama Canal Dept.: Capt. John M. Rhodes, Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.; 1st Lt. Rudolph C. Schmidt, Ft. Ringgold, Tex.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. R. U. PATERSON, The SG. Medical Corps

Maj. William D. Mueller, and Capt. Stanley W. Matthews, det. as medical examiners before retiring board appointed to meet at Ft. Benning, Ga.

Maj. Emil H. Burgher, from Lincoln, Neb., to Panama Canal Dept.

Capt. Karl R. Lundeberg, from Washington, D. C., to Canal Zone.

Maj. Joe H. St. John, from Washington, D. C., to Baltimore, Md.

Maj. Robert Malcolm, Letterman General Hospital, will proceed to his home, await retirement.

Maj. Hugh W. Mahon, from Washington, D. C., to Panama Canal Zone.

Col. Ernest L. Ruffner, from Hawaiian Dept., to Pres. of S. F., Calif.

Maj. W. L. Thompson, from Pres. of San Francisco, Calif., to Canal Zone.

Dental Corps

Lt. Col. Eugene Milburn, from Philippine Dept., to Washington, D. C.

Capt. Leland G. Meder, from Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y., to Philippine Dept.

Army Nurse Corps

2nd Lt. Martha F. Stewart, Ft. Benning, Ga., report to retiring board for examination.

1st Lt. Gertrude H. Lustig, Walter Reed General Hospital, will proceed to her home, await retirement.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. FREDERICK W. COLEMAN, The C. of F.

Previous order relating to Maj. Benjamin L. Jacobson amended to read: from Philippine Dept., to Office of The Chief of Finance, Washington, D. C.

Capt. J. J. Honan, from Denever, Colo., to Office of the JAG, Washington, D. C.

Maj. Richard L. Cave, relieved Ft. Bliss, Tex., to Office Chief of Finance for duty, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Pierre J. Stagliano, relieved Ft. Humphreys, Va., to Puerto Rico.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MAJ. GEN. EDWARD M. MARKHAM, The C. of E.

1st Lt. Benjamin C. Fowlkes, from Panama Canal Dept.; to Pittsburgh Engineer Dist.

1st Lt. C. Rodney Smith, from Panama Canal Dept.; to Kansas City Engineer Dist.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM H. TSCHAPPAT, The C. of O.

Maj. Bethel W. Simpson, from Aberdeen, Md., to Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.

Col. John H. Read, jr., retired upon own application after more than 36 years' service, Sept. 30, 1934.

(Please turn to Page 1019)

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August 2, 1934

Capt. John S. Barleon, det. as Cdr. Rotating Reserve Det. Sqdn. 19 about Aug. 20; to Yale Univ., New Haven, Conn., as Prof. of Nav. Science and Tactics.

Lt. Cdr. Francis M. Maile, ors. March 23 revoked; continue duty Bu. Aero., Navy Dept.

Lt. Herbert S. Duckworth, det. USS Arkansas in Sept.; to USS Langley.

Lt. Gordon T. House, det. 12th Nav. Dist. in July; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) Joseph Finnegan, ors. July 25 revoked; det. USS New Orleans; to duty as attache, American Embassy, Tokyo, Japan.

Lt. (jg) Francis D. Jordan, det. USS Greer; to duty as attache American Embassy, Tokyo, Japan.

Lt. (jg) Harold E. Karrer, det. USS Leon; to duty as attache, American Embassy, Tokyo, Japan.

Lt. (jg) James G. Lang, desp. ors. July 7 modified; to VP Sqdn. 9F instead VJ Sqdn. 1F.

Ens. Robbins W. Allen, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about Sept. 1; to Aircraft, Battle Force.

Ens. Philip H. Ashworth, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about Sept. 1; to Aircraft, Battle Force.

Ens. Archie D. Fraser, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about Sept. 1; to Aircraft, Battle Force.

Ens. John W. Gannon, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about Sept. 1; to Aircraft, Battle Force.

Ens. Thomas E. Gillespie, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about Sept. 1; to Aircraft, Battle Force.

Ens. Nelson M. Head, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about Sept. 1; to Aircraft, Battle Force.

Ens. John W. Gannon, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about Sept. 1; to Aircraft, Battle Force.

Ens. Edward F. Metzger, to duty USS Louisville.

Ens. Michael G. O'Connor, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about Sept. 1; to Aircraft, Battle Force.

Ens. Joseph C. Toth, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about Sept. 1; to Aircraft, Battle Force.

Ens. John E. Walsh, Jr., to duty USS Marblehead.

Capt. Samuel S. Rodman (MC), on expiration sick leave; to duty Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Comdr. William W. Wickersham (MC), det. Subm. Base, New London; to Nav. Air Sta., League Island, Phila., Pa.

Lt. Cdr. Dwight Dickinson, Jr. (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor, T. H.; to Flt. Air Base, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. Cdr. Harold E. Ragin (MC), det. Flt. Air Base, Pearl Harbor, T. H.; to Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. Cdr. Max Silverman (MC), det. 13th Nav. Dist.; to Marine Retg. Sta., Seattle, Wash.

Lt. Cdr. Everett B. Taylor (MC), det. Nav. Academy about Sept. 1; to Instr. Nav. Med. School, Wash., D. C.

August 3, 1934

Comdr. Theodore S. Wilkinson, det. Genl. Board, Navy Dept., in Sept.; to USS Indianapolis as executive officer.

Lt. Wiley N. Hand, det. VP Sqdn. 2F in August; to USS Saratoga.

Lt. (jg) Julian H. Detyens, det. VP Sqdn. 7F (USS Wright) about Sept. 1; to USS Idaho aviation unit.

Lt. (jg) William Oliver, det. VO Sqdn. 1B (USS Arkansas) about Sept. 1; to VP Sqdn. 3F, Coco Solo.

Lt. (jg) Martin R. Stone, det. USS Noa; to duty as Attache, American Embassy, Tokyo, Japan.

Comdr. Lester L. Pratt (MC), det. Subm. Base, Pearl Harbor, T. H.; to Nav. Dispensary, San Pedro, Calif.

Lt. Cdr. Gary D. Allen (MC), det. Flt. Air Base, Coco Solo, C. Z., about Sept. 1; to 4th Nav. Dist.

Lt. Cdr. Richard B. Blackwell (MC), det. Navy Retg. Sta., Cleveland, Ohio; to USS Nokomis.

Lt. Cdr. Clifford G. Hines (MC), det. Nav. Air Sta., Norfolk, Va., about Sept. 1; to

instr. Nav. Medical School, Wash., D. C.

Lt. Harry L. Goff (MC), det. Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H., in Sept.; to Det. Div. 2.

Lt. (jg) Jay F. Miller (MC), det. Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif., about Aug. 20; to USS Pennsylvania.

Lt. (jg) Tilden I. Moe (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa., about Sept. 7; to Destroyer Div. 11.

Lt. (jg) Donald R. Tompkins (MC), det. Det. Div. 2, Setg. Force, in Sept.; to Navy Yard, Wash., D. C.

Lt. (jg) Clark W. Virtue (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif., about Aug. 20; to Nav. Trng. Station, San Diego, Calif.

Comdr. William L. Dernall (DC), on expiration sick leave; to duty Nav. Hosp., Parris Island, S. C.

Lt. Cdr. Andrew L. Burleigh (DC), det. Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H., about Sept. 4; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. Clifford T. Logan (DC), det. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif., about Aug. 26; to Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. James L. Purcell (DC), det. USS Vesta about Sept. 1; to Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J.

Comdr. John Irwin, Jr. (SC), det. Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.; to continue trmt. Nav. Hoop., Mare Island, Calif.

Lt. Cdr. Arthur M. Bryan (SC), det. Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J., in Sept.; to USS

Battle Force.

Comdr. Ernest L. Patch (CC), det. Norfolk Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Va., about Sept. 14; to Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. Cdr. Grover C. Klein (CC), det. Navy Yard, Boston, Mass., in Aug.; to Asiatic Station.

August 4, 1934

Comdr. Sherwood Pickling, det. USS Texas in August; to Asiatic Station, for duty in submarines.

Lt. Olaf J. Gullickson, det. 4th Nav. Dist., on Oct. 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ens. Ralph N. Sargent, Jr., det. USS Marblehead August 27; to resignation accepted effective September 16.

Lt. Cdr. John G. Powell (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa., about Sept. 16; to USS Nitro.

Lt. Cdr. James F. Terrell (MC), det. USS Pennsylvania about Sept. 2; to Nav. Hoop., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. (jg) Bishop L. Malpass (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., New York, N. Y.; to Nav. Hoop., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. Cdr. James C. Lough (DC), det. USS Holland about Sept. 30; to Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. Cdr. John H. Galloway (SC), det. Norfolk Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Va., about Sept. 20; to Subm. Base, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Lt. Cdr. Percival F. Patten (SC), det. Navy Yard, Wash., D. C., about Sept. 20; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. John H. Clarholm (SC), det. Nav. Aircraft Factory, Navy Yard, Phila., Pa., about Sept. 20; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. William W. Wise (SC), desp. ors. April 18 modified. To Nav. Air Sta., Norfolk, Va.; instead duty 5th Nav. District.

Lt. Cdr. Edward C. Selbert (CEC), det. Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, T. H., in Oct.; to Bu. Y. & D., Navy Dept.

Lt. William Driver Chandler (CEC), det. Navy Yard, New York, N. Y., about Sept. 20; to Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Ch. Gunner Einar Bjarhus, det. Subm. Base, Coco Solo, C. Z., about Sept. 3; to USS Falcon.

Ch. Gunner Joseph J. Cox, det. USS New Mexico about Sept. 10; to Nav. Amm. Depot, Dover (Lake Denmark), N. J.

Ch. Gunner Charles B. Day, det. USS Colorado about Sept. 13; to Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Ch. Gunner William W. Engers, det. Nav. Amm. Depot, Oahu, T. H., about Sept. 13.

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MARINE CORPS

August 4, 1934

Maj. Samuel P. Budd, detached First Brig., Haiti, to MB, Quantico, Va., via the Aug. 1 SS Cristobal from Port au Prince, Haiti.

Capt. Gordon Hall, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to temporary duty aboard the USS Mississippi. On arrival USS Mississippi at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, about Sept. 23, relieved from temporary duty that ship to duty with MD, USS Nevada.

Capt. Gerald C. Thomas, about Aug. 20, detached MB, Navy Yard, Phila., Pa., to MB, Quantico, Va., to report not later than Aug. 28.

2nd Lt. Robert E. Hill, detached MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif., to MB, Quantico, Va., via the USS Chaumont, scheduled to sail from San Diego on or about Aug. 22.

The following officers detached Garde d'Haiti to stations indicated via the Aug. 1 SS Cristobal from Port au Prince, Haiti:

Lt. Col. Clayton B. Vogel, Hdqrs., Marine Corps, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Thomas S. Clarke, MB, Quantico, Va., for duty with the Fleet Marine Force.

Capt. John T. Walker, MB, Quantico, Va.

Capt. William J. Whaling, MB, Quantico, Va.

Chf. Qm. Clk. Albert O. Woodrow, MB, Quantico, Va.

The following officers detached Garde d'Haiti to stations indicated via the Aug. 2 SS Haiti from Port au Prince, Haiti:

Capt. Franklin A. Hart, MB, Quantico, Va.

Capt. William C. Hall, APM, Hdqrs., Marine Corps, Wash., D. C.

August 8, 1934

Lt. Col. Clayton B. Vogel, detached Hdqrs. Marine Corps, Wash., D. C., to Hdqrs. Rec't. Dist. of Chicago, Chicago, Ill. Authorized to delay one month enroute.

Maj. Samuel C. Cumming, on Sept. 1 detached Hdqrs. Marine Corps, Wash., D. C., to the Army War College, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Merton A. Richal, orders from Dept. of the Pacific to MB, Quantico, Va., revoked.

1st Lt. James H. N. Hudnall, on August 21 detached MB, Quantico, Va., to the Army Signal School, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to report not later than Aug. 27.

1st Lt. Walter H. Troxell, detached MB, NAS, Sunnyvale, Calif., to MB, Quantico, Va., via the USS Chaumont scheduled to sail from San Francisco, Calif., on or about Aug. 17.

1st Lt. Thomas J. Walker, not later than Aug. 15 detached NAS, Anacostia, D. C., to Aircraft One, FMF, MB, Quantico, Va.

Chf. Qm. Clk. Albert O. Woodrow, orders to MB, Quantico, Va., modified to MB, NOB, Norfolk, Va. Authorized to delay reporting until Sept. 24.

August 9, 1934

Capt. Clifford O. Henry, orders to MB, Quantico, Va., modified to duty as Division Marine Officer, Division Two, Battleships, Battle Force, USS Arizona, to report on Sept. 1.

1st Lt. Monroe S. Swanson, orders to Dept. of the Pacific modified to MB, Quantico, Va. Authorized to delay reporting until Aug. 29.

The following named officers detached stations indicated to MB, Quantico, Va., for duty with the Fleet Marine Force, via the USS Nitro, scheduled to sail from Mare Island, Calif., on Aug. 18 and from San Diego, Calif., on Aug. 25:

1st Lt. John H. Coffman, MB, NAS, Sunnyvale, Calif.

2nd Lt. Robert O. Bisson, MB, Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.

2nd Lt. James H. Brower, MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif.

2nd Lt. Clarence O. Cobb, MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif.

2nd Lt. Thomas J. Colley, MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif.

2nd Lt. Walker A. Reaves, MB, NAS, Sunnyvale, Calif.

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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Marine Corps Generals—No announcement has been as yet made as to the selections of the board of rear admirals of the Navy for promotion to major general in the Marine Corps. Inasmuch as such appointments have always been made directly by the President, the recommendations of the selection board will be given more personal consideration than were given by him to the reports of the boards for the promotions in the lower ranks. It is expected, however, an announcement will be forthcoming within a short time.

While the report of the selection board is, of course, confidential, it is generally understood that the first two names on the list are Maj. Gen. John H. Russell, Commandant of the Corps, and Maj. Gen. Harry Lee. Both of these officers hold temporary commissions as major generals and it has been ruled that they must be selected for the permanent rank. There is considerable conjecture as to the third name on the list, selected to fill the vacancy which will occur with the retirement of Maj. Gen. John T. Myers next February 1st for age. The officer most frequently mentioned, however, is Brig. Gen. James C. Breckinridge, the third senior brigadier.

Naval Aviation "Jockies"—Since the practical application of aviation to military needs, which began in the early stages of the World War, there has been a continuous struggle in design in which weight factors have opposed the considerations of maneuverability. This struggle of weight versus performance has been confined largely to the blueprint and production stages in so far as material to be used in aircraft structures and engines is concerned.

Naval aviation has long been a leader in the field of weight reduction, one of the outstanding results being the development of the modern, efficient, air-cooled radial aircraft engine.

Recently the Navy Department broadened the scope of this weight reduction investigation to include the personnel who actually fly the aircraft.

Would it be possible to form a squadron or squadrons manned by pilots whose weights were within the range of approximately 115 to 125 pounds? It was asked.

The Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, at the request of the Bureau of Aeronautics, instituted an analysis of the latest medical records of about eight hundred officer pilots with a view to illuminating this subject. The results of the analysis were most interesting and revealed definitely that the idea of the "jockey squadrons" was not feasible, since only a negligible number of pilots were within the desired weight range. Only one-half of one per cent were of less than 125 pounds and only 1.5 per cent were over 200 pounds in weight. It was also discovered that the majority of the Navy's pilots, or 85 per cent, "weighed in" at 130 to 180 pounds. Of this group 53 per cent were within the range of 150 to 180 pounds. This survey would indicate that the methods of selection of pilots, and their subsequent manner of living, has resulted in an unusually uniform group of healthy men.

The innovation of aircraft participation in warfare carried with it certain ideas which the ensuing years have shown to be more fallacy than fact. One of these was that the only man who could be a good aviator was a very young man, who would, in consequence of his youth, be armed with the daring necessary to "do or die" in order to carry out the air missions of an engagement.

During the World War the billets of the aviation command were usually filled by youths. The belief of youth being a prerequisite for success in aviation did not gain headway in the high command and the pilots of the Navy today are in general men of seasoned judgment and ripe experience.

The Bureau of Medicine and Surgery also undertook a survey to show the age "experience" of the commissioned pilots of naval aviation and found:

Less than 3 per cent of the pilots are under 25 years of age;

85 per cent are within the age range of 25 to 40 years;

12 per cent are over 40 years;

36 per cent of the largest group above are in the range of 25 to 30 years of age.

No machine developments can ever replace the basic value of sound and experienced human judgment. In no field does there exist a more rigorous demand for the maximum coordination of physical and mental attainments than in that of aviation. The survey made by the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery would seem to indicate that the pilots of the Navy are possessed of the necessary human equipment to carry on their job.

Consolidation of Marine Corps Departments—To carry out the recommendation of the Roosevelt Reorganization Board of last year that the Quartermaster's Department and the Paymaster's Department of the Marine Corps be consolidated, a preliminary bill has been drafted at Marine Corps Headquarters and is now being studied by ranking officers of the Corps. The most vexing problem to be solved in the merger is as to what to do with one or other of the department heads. Brig. Gen. George Richards, who has been Paymaster of the Marine Corps since 1916 has some time to serve before statutory retirement, while Brig. Gen. Hugh Matthews was recently appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate for another four-year term. Both cannot head the new Quartermaster's Department, and the present Quartermaster is junior to the Paymaster.

The solution in sight, if it can be put through Congress, is for legislation allowing the Staff Corps of the Marine Corps a brigadier general, who will not be the head of a department. Legislation along this line will probably be submitted to Congress next January. It is also likely to provide for a Staff major general. Such a provision was contained in the Marine Corps personnel bill which passed last Congress, but was stricken out on the floor of the House with a view to leaving the matter for consideration at the next Congress.

Allowances of Tracer Ammunition—Pending the printing of changes in AR 775-10, May 28, 1934, paragraph 89 of those regulations has been changed by adding subparagraph *c* thereto as follows:

"*c.* When specifically designated by the Chief of Ordnance, caliber .30 tracer ammunition of the proper grade may be issued for machine guns and used in lieu of caliber .30 ball ammunition for mechanical training, demonstrations, and field firing when results of such firing are not to be recorded."

Infantry School Program—A program of study for students of the Infantry School during the scholastic year 1934-35 will see the inauguration of the new system of designating the class.

The regular course, in which are incorporated the former advanced and com-

pany officer's courses, will be the largest and longest of the eight different courses to be conducted by the Academic Department during the next year. Beginning Sept. 4, it will remain in session until June 25, 1935, when the students who have successfully completed the required studies will be graduated and receive their diplomas.

The studies to be taken up in this course cover all phases of infantry activities, both in war and peace, ranging from a course in animal management to the final maneuver period, when the principles imparted during the past year will be put to a practical test.

Special emphasis will be placed on the tactical studies, signal communication, motors (due to trend toward mechanization of the army), tactics, topography and map reading, small arms weapons, especially the machine gun, tank weapons, and the method of conducting tank warfare.

Also included in the curriculum, will be the industrial mobilization, logistics, medical field service, field engineering, and methods of supplying troops in the field.

The instruction will be imparted by means of demonstrations, using the highly trained troops of the Infantry School garrison; by lectures; and by practical problems throughout the year and during the two weeks' maneuver period.

The Tank Course, which will begin on Sept. 4, and continue until Feb. 1, will be largely devoted to practical work with motors and bodies of the armored vehicles and the large trucks used to transport them. All phases of motor repair work, combustion and ignition as well as practical work in emergency field repairs will be included in the curriculum, with instruction being by means of lectures, demonstrations and conferences.

The schedule for the remaining classes of the school has not been made public as yet. The Senior Course (formerly refresher), for officers of field grade, will begin on Sept. 17, and continue until Dec. 15. The National Guard and Reserve field officers class will be in session for one month, from Jan. 14, to Feb. 16. The National Guard and Reserve company officers course will open on Feb. 25, and continue for three months, till May 25, as will the National Guard and Reserve tank officers course.

The motor mechanics course, which is conducted by the tank section for enlisted personnel, will last from Feb. 25 to May 18, while the communications course which will be attended by enlisted personnel of the national guard and regular army, will open on March 4, and continue until June 8.

Cancellation of Unpaid Indebtedness—Pending the printing of changes in AR 33-2440, Feb. 20, 1930, paragraph *1a* of those regulations has been changed as follows:

"*1. Statutory.*—*a.* Under such regulations as the Secretary of War shall prescribe, when it has been administratively ascertained that an enlisted man of the Army is indebted to the United States or any of its instrumentalities, the amount of such indebtedness may be collected in monthly installments by deduction from his pay on current pay rolls: Provided, That the aggregate sum of such deductions for any month shall not exceed two-thirds of the soldier's rate of pay for that month: And provided further, That whenever any part of the pay of a soldier for a certain month shall have been legally forfeited by sentence of court-martial, or otherwise legally authorized to be withheld, then no deduction under this section shall be so applied as to reduce the actual pay received by the soldier for that month below one-third of his authorized rate of pay therefor: And provided further, That the Secretary of War may cause to be remitted and canceled any part of such indebtedness remaining unpaid either on honorable discharge of the enlisted man from the service or prior thereto when in his opinion the interests of the Government are best served by such action: And provided further, That nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent collections of such indebtedness on final statements from pay, in the proportions hereinbefore indicated, or from clothing allowance savings. Act May 22, 1928 (45 Stat. 698; U. S. C. 10: 875a; see 1521, M. L., 1929), as amended by act June 26, 1934 (Bul. No. 6, W. D., 1934)."

Lieutenant Commander or **Commander**—Considerable discussion is in progress in British naval circles over whether or not a "lieutenant commander" should be addressed as "commander." In the United States such officers are usually addressed as commander socially and informally, the full title being reserved for official occasions and correspondence.

Speaking of the situation, the *Army, Navy and Air Force Gazette*, of London, says:

"The reference in Port Orders at Portsmouth to the undesirability of referring to Lieutenant-Commanders, R.N., as Commanders, thereby attributing to them 'a rank to which they are not entitled,' has not been altogether well received, nor is this surprising. After all, it is pointed out, Vice-Admirals and Rear-Admirals are usually called 'Admirals' socially. In the Army, Lieutenant and Major-Generals also receive the courtesy title of 'General,' and a Lieutenant-Colonel is as often as not spoken of as 'Colonel.' Why, therefore, make this special example of the Lieutenant-Commanders? The indictment is not altogether timely, for of all classes of naval officers who have felt the severity of the post-war conditions, the Lieutenant-Commanders have probably suffered most. The big surplus of Lieutenant-Commanders during the last few years is the sequel to the heavy entries immediately before the war. It takes from 14 to 18 years to reach the rank from date of entry. Numbers of these officers have performed over 25 years' service, and they rank with senior Majors in the Army. If 'Lieutenant-Commander' is too cumbersome for general use, the suggested alternative of 'Mr.' means that such officers must be deprived of a naval title altogether. Yet a young doctor can enter and in about 12 years become a Surgeon Commander, while his executive brother, after double the service, is reduced to what is virtually a civilian status. Officially, of course, there is everything to be said for exactitude in the matter of titles. But socially, and in times like these, it seems a pity that a most deserving but at the same time unfortunate class of officer, the victims of circumstances quite beyond their control, should have to be specially reminded, as it were, of their disability and misfortune."

Organization of Panama Canal Department—A Panama Canal Department general order received this week announced the assignment of organizations in the department as follows:

Departmental Units—Hq. & Hq. Co. PC Department, Panama Signal Company, 19th Composite Wing, 1st Bn 2nd Field Artillery, 1st Separate Chemical Company, Panama Atlantic General Depot, Panama Pacific General Depot, Panama Air Depot.

Atlantic Sector Units—Hq. & Hq. Co. Atlantic Sector, 14th Infantry, 1st Coast Artillery, 15th Pack Train, Mine Planter "Graham," Junior Mine Planter "Getty."

Pacific Sector Units—Hq. & Hq. Pacific Sector, 33rd Infantry, 4th Coast Artillery, 11th Engineers, 16th Pack Train, Junior Mine Planter "Schumm."

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 1017)

13; to Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, T. H. Ch. Mach. Paxton Hotchkiss, det. USS Rigel on Oct. 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ch. Mach. Bay S. Jones, det. as Asst. to Res. Inspr. of Nav. Matl., Babcock & Wilcox Co., Barberston, Ohio; about August 13; to duty as Res. Inspr. of Nav. Matl., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Ch. Mach. Frederick P. Scott, det. 5th Nav. Dist., on Nov. 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Rad. Elec. Myron M. George, det. USS Tennessee about Sept. 10; to Instr. Radio Matl. School, Navy Research Lab., Bellevue, D. C.

August 6, 1934

Comdr. Paul H. Bastedo, det. USS Indianapolis about Sept. 10; to Nav. Operations, Navy Dept.

Comdr. Lybrand P. Smith, addl. duty Navy Yard, Wash., D. C.

Lt. Walter E. Andrews, det. Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif., in August; to continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., Mare Island, Calif. On disch. trmt.; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. John F. P. Miller, addl. duty as Res. Inspr. of Nav. Matl., Carteret, N. J.

Lt. Lemuel P. Padgett, Jr., duty as asst. gunnery officer, USS Colorado.

Lt. (jg) Richard K. Gaines, det. VO Sqdn. 1B (USS Arkansas) about Sept. 1; to VP Sqdn. 5F, Coco Solo.

Lt. Cdr. Isaac B. Polak (MC), det. Navy Yard, Wash., D. C., in Sept.; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. Cdr. Samuel H. White (MC), det. USS Nokomis; to Navy Rtg. Sta., Nashville, Tenn.

Lt. Cdr. Raymond V. Adams (SC), det. USS Texas in Sept.; to 9th Nav. Dist., Great Lakes, Ill.

Lt. Cdr. Edison H. Gale (SC), det. Navy Aircraft Factory, Navy Yard, Phila., Pa., about August 26; to USS Texas.

Lt. Cdr. William T. Hopkins (SC), det. 9th Nav. Dist., in Nov.; to USS Arkansas.

Lt. Cdr. Harold E. Humphreys (SC), det. Nav. Supply Depot, Norfolk, Va., about Sept. 10; to USS Lexington.

Lt. George W. Davis (SC), det. USS Lexington about Sept. 15; to Nav. Supply Depot, Norfolk, Va.

Lt. Alexander W. Usquhart (SC), granted sick leave two months; wait orders Mare Island, Calif.

Capt. Henry T. Wright (CC), addl. duty as Nav. Inspr. of Ord., Newport News Shipbldg. & Dry Dock Co., Newport News, Va.

Lt. Cdr. John L. Hale (CC), det. Bu. C. & R., Navy Dept., about Sept. 1; to Norfolk Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Va.

Rad. Elec. Thomas C. Thrasher, det. Navy Yard, Boston, Mass., about Sept. 20; to Instr. Radio Matl. School, Nav. Research Lab., Bellevue, Wash., D. C.

Ch. Pay Clk. Raymond Clesluk, det. USS Bridge about Sept. 8; to Commissary Store, Norfolk, Va.

Ch. Pay Clk. Irvin L. Ludlam, det. Nav. Home, Phila., Pa., about Sept. 20; to Asiatic Station.

Pay Clk. Earl W. Layton, det. USS Cuyama about Sept. 16; to Nav. Operating Base, Norfolk, Va.

Ch. Carp. John F. Colvin, det. USS Rigel on Nov. 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

August 7, 1934

Lt. (jg) Arthur B. Leverett, ors. March 24 revoked. Det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Newport, R. I.; continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., Newport, R. I. On disch. trmt.; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Cdr. James A. Fields (MC), det. Navy Rtg. Sta., St. Louis, Mo., in August; to Instr. Naval Medical School, Wash., D. C.

Lt. Cdr. Ransom H. Holcomb (MC), det. Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H., about Sept. 20; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. Cdr. John L. McCarthy (DC), det. Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J., about Oct. 1; to Ft. Air Base, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. Cornelius A. Brinkmann (SC), det. Navy Yard, Boston, Mass., about Sept. 20; to Asiatic Station.

Ch. Mach. Arthur W. Bird, det. USS Kewaydin on Oct. 31; to home, relieved all active duty.

Asiatic Despatch Orders Dated July 30, 1934

Capt. Rufus W. Mathewson, det. command USS Black Hawk; to Bu. Nav., Navy Dept.

Lt. Cdr. Leland P. Lovette, to command USS Barker.

Lt. George K. G. Reilly, to USS Sacramento.

Lt. Paul C. Wirtz, det. Dest. Sqdn. 5; to Nav. Torp. Sta., Newport, R. I.

Lt. (jg) Robert G. Norman, to USS Augusta.

Lt. (jg) Earl K. Olsen, to Yangtze Patrol.

Lt. Cdr. William A. Sullivan (CC), to duty as Suptg. Constructor, Shanghai, China.

Ch. Bosn. Franklin E. Chester, det. Navy Yard, Cavite, P. I.; to 12th Nav. Dist., and further treatment.

Elec. Millard P. Walker, disch. trmt. Nav.

Hosp., Canacao, P. I.; to 13th Nav. Dist., and further treatment.

Ch. Mach. Bennett M. Proctor, disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., Canacao, P. I.; to 12th Nav. Dist., and further treatment.

August 8, 1934

Capt. Augustin T. Beauregard, det. Nav. Operations, Navy Dept.; to duty as Nav. Attaché, American Embassy, Paris, France; & addl. duty at Madrid, Spain; & Lisbon, Portugal.

Lt. Cdr. Edwin Fisher, det. USS Rigel on Oct. 31; to home, relieved all active duty. Lt. (jg) Anderson Offutt, det. USS Colorado in August; to Instr. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola.

Ens. Horace D. Barker, det. Battleships, Battle Force; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Cdr. Wilburt E. Greenwood (MC), det. Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, T. H.; to duty Fitzsimons Genl. Hosp., Denver, Colorado.

Lt. Cdr. Hardy V. Huguen (MC), det. Fitzsimons Genl. Hosp., Denver, Colo.; to Norfolk Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, Va.

Lt. Harry J. Scholtes (MC), det. Navy Rtg. Sta., Nashville, Tenn.; to Nav. Hosp., New York, N. Y.

Lt. Cdr. Paul W. Yeasley (DC), det. USS Mississippi about Sept. 10; to Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. Cdr. James E. Sanner (SC), det. USS Brasos in Oct.; to Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.

Lt. Charles A. Cook (SC), det. Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.; continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., Mare Island; on disch. trmt.; to home, relieved all active duty.

Capt. DeWitt C. Webb (CEC), det. Nav. Oper. Base, San Diego, Calif., about Sept. 10; to Bu. Y. & D., Navy Dept.

Lt. Cdr. Valentine J. McManus (CEC), det. Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, T. H.; to 3rd Nav. Dist., New York.

Ch. Bosn. Robert C. West, det. USS Undaunted about Oct. 26; to Asiatic Station.

Ch. Gunner Frederick M. Tobias, det. USS Houston about Sept. 12; to Nav. Torp. Sta., Newport, R. I.

Gunner Harlow Hines, det. USS Falcon about Sept. 22; to Nav. Amm. Depot, Ft. Mifflin, Pa.

Ch. Pharm. Matthew Birtwistle, det. Bu. M. & S., Navy Dept., about Oct. 25; to Nav. Hosp., Newport, R. I.

Ch. Pay Clk. Orval S. Karns, det. USS Chaumont about Oct. 22; to Nav. Amm. Depot, Hawthorne, Nev.

Ch. Pay Clk. Theodore J. Vincent, det. USS Reina Mercedes about Sept. 15; to USS Chaumont.

Coast Guard Orders

District Commander Charles Walker, detached Office of Inspector, Northern Area, and assigned as Commander, Ninth District.

Lt. (jg) W. L. Maloney, orders of July 16, 1934, detaching him from the Tuscarora, and assigning him to the Triton, cancelled.

Lt. (jg) W. L. Maloney, detached Tuscarora, effective at such time as may be directed by the Commander Southern Area, and assigned Nemesis.

Ens. L. H. Seeger, orders of July 16, 1934, detaching him from the Saranac, and assigning him to the Nemesis, cancelled.

Ens. L. H. Seeger, detached Saranac, effective at such time as may be directed by the Commander, New Orleans Division, and assigned Triton.

Pay Clerk Ira L. Peck, detached Seabago, effective Sept. 20, 1934, and assigned New York Division.

Pay Clerk M. J. Morgan, detached Depot, and assigned Seabago.

Pay Clerk (T) M. B. Herring, detached New York Division, effective on or about Sept. 10, 1934, and assigned Mendota.

Ens. L. H. Doten, detached Depot, effective on or about Sept. 1, 1934, and assigned Boston Division.

Mach. Oscar Salter, detached Gresham, effective upon the decommissioning of that vessel, and assigned Travis.

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 1017)

CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. LEON B. KROMER, The C. of Cav.

1st Lt. F. W. Drury, from West Point, N. Y., to Ft. Bliss, Tex.

Capt. H. T. Allen, Jr., from Washington, D. C., to 13th Cav., Ft. Riley, Kans.

Maj. J. W. Geer, from Rochester, N. Y., to 14th Cav., Ft. Des Moines, Iowa.

The following officers from station indicated to Philippine Dept.: 1st Lt. Harrison W. Davidson, Pres. of Monterey, Calif.; and 1st Lt. Clyde Massey, Ft. Ringgold, Tex.

Maj. John McD. Thompson, from Baltimore, Md., to University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.

The following officers from Philippine Dept., to station indicated: Capt. J. M. Bethel, to 6th Cav., Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.; 1st Lt. R. A. Browne, to 3rd Cav., Ft. Ethan

Allen, Va.; 1st Lt. G. J. Rawlins, to 11th Cav., Pres. of Monterey, Calif.; and 1st Lt. Gustavus W. West, to 1st Cav., Ft. Knox, Ky.

Capt. R. T. Hollett, from Edgewood Arsenal, Md., to New Mexico Nat'l Guard, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Cpl. J. E. Gaujot, retired from active service upon his own application after more than 35 years' service, Sept. 30, 1934.

Maj. R. O. Henry, from Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., to Army War College, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. Arthur K. Hammond, relieved Ft. Clark, Tex.; to West Point, N. Y.

FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. UPTON BIRNIE, Jr., The C. of FA.

Capt. Ralph L. Joyner, Ft. Hoyle, Md., will proceed to his home, await retirement.

Capt. V. A. Dash, Ft. Bragg, N. C., report to Walter Reed Gen. Hospital, Washington, D. C., for treatment.

Previous order relating to Capt. Arthur E. King amended to read: from Hawaiian Dept., to 7th FA, Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.

Maj. C. Porterfield, Jr., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., report to retiring board for examination.

1st Lt. A. R. Taylor, from West Point, N. Y., to Yale University, New Haven, Conn.

2nd Lt. F. H. Chaffee, from Ft. Bragg, N. C., to Philadelphia, Pa.

Capt. Moore A. Stuart, Hawaiian Dept.; will proceed to his home and await retirement.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM F. HASE, The C. of CAC.

Lt. Col. W. M. Colvin, from New York City to Panama Canal Dept.

The following officers from station indicated to Panama Canal Dept.: Maj. Harry R. Pierce, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.; 1st Lt. F. K. Gurley, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.; and 2nd Lt. E. E. Hackman, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.

The following officers from station indicated to Panama Canal Dept.: Maj. William C. Foote, Ft. Monroe, Va.; and Maj. G. W. Easterday, Ft. Totten, N. Y.

Col. R. P. Reeder, from Panama Canal Dept., to 2nd CA, Ft. Monroe, Va.

Maj. Octave DeCarre, from Ft. Moultrie, S. C., to Little Rock, Ark.

Col. Earl D'A. Pearce, from Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif., to Panama Canal Dept.

Capt. William J. Burke, Lawrence, Kans.,

will proceed to his home, await retirement.

Capt. Fred B. Waters, from Ft. Monroe, Va., to Georgia School of Technology, Atlanta, Ga.

1st Lt. Joseph C. Kilbourne, Pres. of S. P., Calif., report to retiring board for examination.

Maj. James P. Hogan, from Ft. Totten, N. Y., to New York Nat'l Guard, New York City.

The following officers from Panama Canal Dept. to station indicated:

Maj. Aaron Bradshaw, Jr., to 62nd CA, Ft. Totten, N. Y.

Capt. Geoffrey M. O'Connell, to 8th CA, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.

1st Lt. Sylvan Berliner, to 5th CA, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.

1st Lt. Glenn Newman, to 7th CA, Ft. Du Pont, Dela.

The following officers from Philippine Dept. to station indicated:

Maj. Benjamin N. Booth, to 3rd CA, Ft. McArthur, Calif.

Capt. Adam J. Bennett, to 6th CA, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.

Capt. John R. Clark, to 62nd CA, Ft. Totten, N. Y.

Capt. Harry W. Lins, to 8th CA, Ft. Preble, Me.

Capt. Watson L. Morris, to 61st CA, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

Capt. Harold W. Smith, to 60th CA, Ft. McClellan, Ala.

1st Lt. George F. Nichols, to 9th CA, Ft. Banks, Mass.

2nd Lt. Frederick T. Berg, to 62nd CA, Ft. Totten, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Frank A. Bogart, to 52nd CA, Ft. Hancock, N. J.

2nd Lt. Frank P. Corbin, Jr., to 62nd CA, Ft. Totten, N. Y.

2nd Lt. James T. Darrah, to 51st CA, Ft. Monroe, Va.

2nd Lt. Charles B. Duff, to 11th CA, Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Walter F. Ellis, to 61st CA, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

2nd Lt. A. Deane Gough, to 6th CA, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.

2nd Lt. Grant E. Hill, to 52nd CA, Ft. Monroe, Va.

2nd Lt. Clifton L. MacLachlan, to 61st CA, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

2nd Lt. Elmo C. Mitchell, to 6th CA, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.

2nd Lt. P. Francis Passarella, to 11th CA, Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y.

(Please turn to Page 1024)

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"Forgotten Men"**Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:**

Reference promotion legislation the following thesis is offered:

- a. Every promotion bill so far proposed has left a group of officers which are, here termed "untouchables," who are debarred promotion above their entering grade. The men referred will never receive any promotion.
- b. Every officer of long service whose services are satisfactory is entitled, before reaching the compulsory retirement age of 64, to one promotion.
- c. That if requirement (b) can be achieved, without injuring promotion opportunities of others and undue expense, it should be included in any new bill formulated.
- d. That the knowledge that promotion is possible to a group of officers who are now the Army's truly "forgotten men" will constitute a worth-while morale stimulant.

The MacArthur Bill, a liberal scheme, left 184 "untouchables" without hope of escaping from their caste, i. e., without hope of any promotion.

Proposed cure. New promotion legislation when formulated shall include the following:

Any officer who has performed World War service and whose record is satisfactory and who is serving in the grade or a lower grade than grade held on entering the U. S. Army shall on reaching the age of 59 and having performed 20 years' satisfactory service, be promoted one (1) grade.

Be it further provided that officers so promoted shall be carried as "extra files" until retirement.

The net result of such legislation (presuming the old MacArthur or a similar bill to be enacted) will be as follows:

- (a) Increase the number of promoted, a maximum of 83 in any one year.
- (b) Cost the Government little or nothing.
- (c) Involves a small increase in field grades for a few years only.
- (d) Will make promotion legislation truly general rather than special.

Note that were promotion by selection provided, men well over age in grade would never profit thereby—they would be passed for younger men.

Alternate proposal in case no promotion relief is extended the "untouchables."

Include in new promotion legislation the following:

Any officer of World War service 50 or more years of age who has served a minimum of 20 years in the same or a lower grade than that held on entering the U. S. Army, may on his own request be retired and on retirement receive as retired pay 2½% of his base pay for each year of service, but in no case pay in excess of 75% of base pay.

In computing service double time shall be allowed for war service to those who performed field service in the presence of the enemy.

"Forgotten Men."

Comment On Altering Promotion System:**Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:**

An acquaintance, an army officer recently retired for age and who was regarded generally as one of the most efficient officers in the army, was asked in my presence a short time ago what he thought about the revision of the army promotion plan. His reply was that he conscientiously thought that what the Army needed above everything else "Was to be let alone". He probably had the idea, as many of us have, that there has been so much said, written and published about the lowering of army morale due to the slowness of promotion, that a rapidly rising wave of uneasiness and unrest was in fact lowering the morale of the Army.

While I can't say that I exactly agree with the remarks of this officer, I do agree that something should be done as early as possible to settle the promotion question once and for all. Since the basis of all progress is a first hand study of facts and pertinent conditions,

The Journal's Promotion Forum

The function of the JOURNAL's Promotion Forum is to facilitate the getting of all constructive criticism and suggestions before the War Department General Council which is now engaged in drafting an Army promotion plan. Remember—the object is to evolve a bill which will meet the support of the majority of the Army. In drafting your plan and in criticizing others this primary objective must be kept in mind.

Address your communications to the JOURNAL's Promotion Forum, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, 1701 Connecticut Avenue Northwest, Washington, D. C. While no anonymous letters will be accepted, officers who wish to keep their identity confidential may so signify by writing their name on a separate piece of paper which may be detached from the promotion letter.

I think that it was indeed a timely move on the part of General MacArthur, before the situation shall grow even worse, to refer this problem to the War Department Council for study and report. In this connection, however, the American sense of fair play and square dealing should and undoubtedly will govern the Council in its deliberations and in its recommendations, which will no doubt largely influence action, if any is taken by the Congress, towards the enactment of new laws covering promotion changes.

I am not convinced from my observation with reference to promotion, that a new plan is imperative in order to check the lowering of morale or the stimulation of promotion. I can't agree that any of the older efficient officers should be retired or put in Class "B" in order to stimulate promotion. I think, and I am reasonably sure that a great many officers will agree with me, that there exists in the army at the present time, without further action on the part of the Congress, the machinery necessary for the stimulation of promotion by the elimination of the physically, mentally and morally unfit. Certainly there was nothing new in the laws enacted at the last session of the Congress that calls for the elimination of officers other than perhaps something like 350 in number, and it was evidently expected by Congress that existing laws governing the action of the War Department would fully cover the manner of elimination of this number of officers at the present time and others in the future, if and when it becomes necessary to further reduce the number of officers.

I think, as do a number of officers with whom I have recently talked, that if the promotion plan is to be changed, that the plan suggested and recommended by General Douglas MacArthur of carrying the efficient older officers as extras in their grade until absorbed either by promotion or retirement, will younger officers who are now submerged accomplish the purpose desired by the and who deserve promotion, and that the MacArthur plan would also be entirely acceptable to the older officers affected.

There is one thing that I hope will never disappear from army officers' hearts, regardless of action taken in connection with the new promotion plan, and that is an abiding faith in the confidence of the General Staff and the Congress of the United States in their desire and efforts to do the right thing by the Army.

One of the Older Officers.

Morale Paramount**Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:**

As an interested onlooker in the case of the promotion problem continually facing the officer personnel I would like to make a few statements.

I became personally acquainted with the Army in 1905. This acquaintance began with my enlistment at that time.

In 1905 the problem of promotion was then paramount, as it is today, and it is safe to say that during these many years there has not been a copy of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL published that has not contained one or more articles on this subject. A possible exception being those copies published during the late war.

It appears to this writer that a possible solution to the problem would be a realization of the fact that we have a problem very much like perpetual motion. It is one that can't be solved with the factors we now have involved.

The problem, as it has always been presented, is to maintain the pyramid

form for the organization: the 2nd lieutenants being at the bottom; the general officers at the top, with the company commanders and field officers between.

Perhaps if a plan was enforced whereby general officers became casualties immediately after reaching their grade, sufficient vacancies would be created for the officers in the lower ranks. Perhaps serving ten years as a 2nd Lieutenant, five years as a first Lieutenant, two years as a major, one year as a colonel, and about one day as a general officer would create a situation whereby all would eventually reach the top—and then become a casualty for the sake of those yet climbing.

Looking at the situation from a practical standpoint, as the general situation exists now, we see company commanders with only platoons under their commands. Lieutenants lucky if they even have a squad to command. Field officers with no troops to command at all and no duties other than routine garrison obligations. There may be a few colonels with all their command located in one post—there may be in our foreign possessions—and possibly if I gave the matter a lot of hard thought I might remember such posts as The Presidio of San Francisco; where a lucky colonel can get a glimpse of his regiment at parade—minus all the troops on special duty, who are performing the duties involved in the care and maintenance of a lot of real estate and property that has absolutely no practical military value.

In one of our corps areas we had a tremendous concentration of troops. Including the National Guard, nearly fifteen hundred men and officers were concentrated. Several division and brigade commanders were present—and enough troops to give hope and cheer to possibly one or two battalion commanders.

Possibly, it is promotion that most of the officers want. However, I am willing to make a bet that they prefer security to promotion. And possibly the next thing they would like to have would be a command adequate for their rank—and an opportunity to give and receive real practical military training.

When a boat is sinking, and there is only room for a portion of the crew, it might be well to create a few casualties so that all of them don't perish, but there is no serious situation facing the Army as regards promotion—and there is no reason why there should be casualties for the sake of others who are no more worthy than those selected by the axe-man.

And if my observations are correct—what we need now more than ever is morale. We can't have rapid promotion without unnecessary casualties, and we can't have casualties at this time without breaking the spirit of those who are being threatened.

Sincere.

Promotion-List Efficiency**Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:**

Regarding an improvement in the personnel system for officers of the Regular Army, I submit the following:

I. The problem presented.

How can the present system for officers of the Regular Army be improved without increasing appropriations?

II. Facts bearing upon the problem.

1. The general personnel situation confronting the promotion-list officers of the Army is one of stagnation in promotion, especially among those officers who entered the service as a result of the World War, and after the World War,

with the inevitable consequences of low morale and efficiency. This is not true of non-promotion-list officers. The situation is serious and is rapidly becoming acute, and merits prompt remedial action.

2. The basic cause is the presence of a group of about 5,000 officers commonly called the "hump," who entered the service during the World War, who vary less than two years in commissioned service, and the bulk of whom fall within narrow age limits.

3. Although there were some injustices to individuals in the formation of the promotion list, it is impracticable to make any changes in it without creating new conditions fully as inequitable and harmful as those attempted to be remedied. The application of suitable measures to avert stagnation in promotion will largely rectify the alleged injustices, and remove other discontent which now exists.

4. There is a prospect of wholesale retirements in the hump. Over one-half of this group have no prospect of reaching the grade of colonel.

5. Under the existing pay schedule, this group, precluded by its own size from advancement to positions commensurate with the experience and age of its members, continues to increase in length of service and consequently in cost, and will constitute a most expensive element of personnel.

6. The existing hump will largely control the procurement of new officers, reducing it below normal for some years and then causing it to rise above normal, thereby creating to a lesser extent a new hump to replace the present one, with consequent recurrence of unhealthy personnel conditions.

7. So far as correction of the promotion and retirement situation is concerned, the application of a system of promotion on length of service would suffice. However, the present hump precludes the application of such a system unless accompanied by a gradual but material reduction in the size of the hump and sustained attrition above the hump.

8. A reasonable flow of promotion, a steady and uniform flow of personnel into and from the active list, and an economical maintenance of active personnel, all indicate the absolute necessity of a material and sustained removal of officers from the active list. Existing retirement laws are just and sound but inadequate. They should be supplemented by suitable measures to obtain the necessary attrition.

9. Voluntary retirement should be extended to officers overaged in grade. These officers are the most expensive element of our personnel, and the Government's poorest future assets. In so far as other measures fail to produce the required attrition, there should be a selective removal of officers from the active list.

10. There is a fast-growing inequality in career prospects between the Army and Navy. As an example, officers who graduated from the Military Academy in June, 1920, will reach the grades of major, Lieutenant colonel and colonel 13, 14 and 12 years, respectively, after the time that graduates of the Naval Academy attain the corresponding grades in the Navy. The prospects of such inequality in the two major armed services obviously calls for corrective measures.

11. If it becomes apparent that no steps are to be taken to avert the stagnation which inevitably faces the promotion-list personnel, it will become increasingly more difficult to recruit promising officer material. A high quality of officer material must be attracted to the service and the morale, zeal and professional interest of the officers on the promotion list must be maintained.

12. The great variations in compensation permitted by the wide pay ranges in the several grades by counting, for both the determination of base pay and allowances and also longevity, many types of service rendered prior to first commission which are not counted for rank, result in about 20 per cent of promotion-list personnel receiving materially more pay than their seniors. This

(Continued on Next Page)

Journal's Promotion Forum

(Continued from Preceding Page)

malicious phase of our pay system makes its administration unduly complicated and consequently expensive.

13. The major defects in our personnel system can be remedied without increasing appropriations, by:

a. Materially reducing the wide difference in length of service necessary for promotion, between officers in the upper and lower portions of the hump;

b. Distributing the full careers of officers in the various grades in such a manner that a thorough but not unduly prolonged training be afforded in each grade in preparation for the duties of the successive higher grades;

c. Controlling and standardizing the rate of attrition which automatically fixes the rate of replacement, and equalizes distribution in the higher grades;

d. Equalizing the pay of officers of the same rank and approximate length of commissioned service.

14. A study of the various possible methods for obtaining a reasonable flow of promotion indicates the desirability of promotion by length of service corresponding to the relative pay periods under the existing pay schedule. This rate is as follows:

To first lieutenant upon completion of 5 years of service.

To captain upon completion of 10 years of service.

To major upon completion of 17 years of service.

To lieutenant colonel upon completion of 23 years of service.

To colonel upon completion of 30 years of service.

15. The characteristics of the lump are such that the unrestricted operation of promotion on length of service would result in a top-heavy proportion of field officers beginning on Aug. 15, 1934. A study of the requirements of the situation indicates the following percentages in field grades to be the best compromise between organizational requirements, cost of promotion, and justice to both the Government and the individual.

	Minimum	Maximum
Colonels	4.3	5.3
Lieutenant Colonels ..	6.7	14.7
Majors	14.0	27.0
Combined Maximum.	40.0	

The members in the company grades will be such as result from promotion on length of service.

16. The present inadequate and irregular rate of 2.2 per cent annual attrition is inadequate. A controlled and standardized rate of 4.4 per cent is necessary to automatically fix the rate of replacement and prevent a surplusage of officers in the higher grades.

17. The compulsory retirement age must be lowered in order to retire brigadier generals of the line who are more than sixty-two years of age, and all promotion-list officers below that grade who are more than sixty years of age or who have rendered more than thirty-six years of commissioned service.

18. Lowering the compulsory retirement age will not obtain the necessary rate of attrition. Supplemental measures must be devised. Voluntary separations should be induced by favorable conditions in order that involuntary separation be minimized. Lieutenant colonels who are over fifty-seven years of age, majors over fifty-two, and captains and lieutenants over forty-seven, should be permitted to transfer from the active list.

19. It is expected that a sufficient number of officers will retire voluntarily, but it is so essential that the annual rate of 4.4 per cent attrition be maintained, that machinery must be provided to insure it, no matter how objectionable the procedure may be. Officers who have rendered more than ten years of commissioned service and whose records over their entire commissioned service indicate that they are less efficient than all other officers of the same rank and approximate length of commissioned service, should be transferred from the active list in order to obtain the necessary annual attrition.

20. The remuneration of officers honorably separated from the active list for

the convenience of the Government should satisfy their equity in retirement pay. Those who served as officers during the World War should be retired in a grade not below that of major. Officers separated from the active list should be given a status that holds them available for emergency service.

21. The limited and unlimited retired lists should be merged into a single retired list.

22. The recent strengthening of the Class B procedure is a long step in the right direction. The forced retirement of all officers who are physically unfit to perform all of their duties in the field would immeasurably improve the efficiency of the commissioned personnel of the Army.

23. The experience of the World War demonstrated that during periods of sustained physical and mental effort, command devolves to lower age levels in each grade, indicating that training and experience in the handling of higher troop echelons should not be the attributes of older officers alone. Comparatively young officers should be developed as higher commanders and the opportunity to create such physically and mentally alert leadership can be provided only through a reasonable promotion flow secured through adequate annual attrition.

24. By forcing an increased attrition rate it will be possible to select annually from among the recent graduates of our ROTC Institutions a sufficient number to fill the vacancies in the grade of second lieutenant remaining after the Military Academy graduates have been commissioned. Experience indicates that the highest type of balanced commissioned personnel results from the practice of mixing these outstanding college graduates with Military Academy graduates. The annual replacement of line officers should consist of about 50% Military Academy graduates and about 50% ROTC college graduates.

25. In order to provide the maximum relief for promotion stagnation, forced retirement should start with the highest ranking officers in each category. In order to ease the financial burden of the individual, those officers having 30 years of service for pay purposes and who are unfit mentally or physically to perform all of their duties in the field should be among the first to be retired.

26. In order to eliminate any cost of promotion in the future, no service should be counted for pay purposes except active commissioned service under a Federal appointment or commission service in the National Guard when called out by order of the President. In order to prevent undue financial hardship, a saving clause to prevent reduction of pay should be included.

27. The proposed scheme would result on July 1, 1935 in a promotion list consisting of 539 Colonels, 805 Lieutenant Colonels, 2009 Majors, 3782 Captains, 1521 First Lieutenants, and 1022 Second Lieutenants.

28. The proposed plan provides a lasting, reasonable and economical remedy for all of the major defects in our personnel system. Although it does not provide the rate of promotion to be desired and such as the Navy enjoys, it so materially benefits the promotion list personnel that its enactment into law would immeasurably increase the contentment and efficiency of the Regular Establishment.

The text of a proposed bill follows:

AN ACT

To provide for a steady and uniform flow of commissioned personnel into and from the active promotion-list of the Regular Army, and a reasonable flow of promotion thereto.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled

SEC. 1. That the aggregate number of commissioned officers of the Regular Army and Philippine Scouts on the active list shall not exceed the number now or hereafter expressly authorized by law, and all such officers, except officers of the Medical Corps, chaplains and professors, shall be designated as promotion-list officers.

SEC. 2. That there shall not be more than

(Please turn to Page 1026)

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Personals

Lt. Cornelius Lichirie, Jr., USA, and Mrs. Lichirie, who were married in Berlin last month, are visiting Lieutenant Lichirie's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Cornelius Lichirie of 140 East Thirty-sixth St., New York City. They will go to Ft. Riley, Kan., where Lieutenant Lichirie is stationed with the United States Cavalry. His bride is the former Fräulein Charlotte Rohrbeck of Berlin.

Maj. Thomas G. Peyton, USA, and Mrs. Peyton have arrived at the Martinique from Ft. Bliss, Texas, for an indefinite stay.

Mrs. John M. Connor has just returned from a three months' visit with Mr. and Mrs. Walter H. Schoellkopf of the American Embassy in Madrid, Spain. Mrs. Connor is now visiting her mother Mrs. E. S. Johnson in Decatur, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Stone Jones announce the birth of a daughter, Calvert Truxton Jones, at Wheeling, W. Va., June 27, 1934.

Mr. Jones graduated from the West Point Military Academy in 1931. He resigned from the Army and is now in business in Wheeling.

The baby is the granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Jones and great-granddaughter of Mrs. George H. Sands and the late Col. George H. Sands. Her maternal grandparents are Mr. and Mrs. Walker Truxton, of Norfolk, Va.

The following officers of the Panama Canal Department sailed on the USAT Grant Aug. 4 for New York—Col. Clarence G. Bunker, CAC; Lt. Cols. Samuel J. Turnbull, MC, Alfred L. Mason, VC; Maj. John F. Landis, Inf., Frank C. Mahin, IGD; Capts. Edgar W. King, CAC, Joseph L. Connolly, Inf.; 1st Lts. Ralph I. Glasgow, CAC, Wallace E. Niles, OD, Cornelius E. O'Connor, AC, John L. Owens, VC, Cortland Van R. Schuyler, CAC, Albert J. Thackston, Inf.; 2nd Lt. Nормандо A. Costello, Inf., W. O. Clarence Mitchell, USA. The following left on Terminal leave—Maj. William H. Halstead, Inf.; Capts. Parry W. Lewis, CAC, Francis J. Achatz, FA; 1st Lt. Simon Foss, Inf.; 2nd Lts. Laurence H. Brownlee, CAC, Earle F. Cook, CAC, Norton B. Wilson, CAC.

Lt. Thomas E. Whitehead, USA, and Mrs. Whitehead have arrived at the Martinique from Kansas City for a short visit.

Engineer-Commander A. L. P. Mark-Wardlaw, R.N., who recently relieved Engineer-Captain J. S. Orr, R.N., as As-

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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

sistant British Naval Attaché, on Aug. 9 made an official call this morning on the Chief of Naval Operations, Admiral William H. Standley, USN, the Assistant Chief of Naval Operations, Rear Adm. Joseph K. Taussig, USN, and the Director of Naval Intelligence, Capt. William D. Puleston, USN.

Lt. John F. Williams, USA, ROTC Instructor, University of Florida, and Mrs. Williams are spending a few days at the Martinique.

Lt. A. G. Viney, USA, and Mrs. Viney announce the birth of a son, James Logan, at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., July 28, 1934.

Lt. George P. Lynch, USA, and Mrs. Lynch announce the birth of a son, George Patrick Lynch, Jr., at Holy Cross Hospital, Salt Lake City, Utah, June 21, 1934.

Mrs. Thomas Dell, Jr., wife of Lieutenant Dell, is visiting Mrs. Richard F. Glenn at the naval operating base, Norfolk, Va. Lieutenant Dell is expected at Norfolk this week on the USS Arkansas, one of the ships of the midshipmen's practice cruise.

Lt. Comdr. Andrew H. Addoms, USN, and Mrs. Addoms have returned to the Martinique after spending two weeks at Havre de Grace, Md.

Capt. H. K. Hewitt, USN, and Mrs. Hewitt of Annapolis, Md. have returned from a trip to Canada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts and Newport. They were accompanied by their daughter, Miss Florine Hewitt, who remained at Newport for a stay with Mrs. George B. Wright, wife of Captain Wright, USN. Miss Mary Kent Hewitt, younger daughter of Captain and Mrs. Hewitt, is spending the summer at a camp in the Adirondacks.

Capt. William D. Evans, USA, and his family have arrived at the Martinique from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

Lt. W. A. Gorry, USN, and Mrs. Gorry announce the birth of a daughter at Georgetown University Hospital, Washington, D. C., Aug. 9, 1934.

Capt. William J. Galiney, USA, accompanied by his family have arrived at the Martinique from Ft. Knox, Ky.

Lt. Merrow E. Sorley, CE, USA, and Mrs. Sorley announce the birth of a son, Lewis Stone Sorley, 3rd, at West Point, N. Y., Aug. 3, 1934. Mrs. Sorley is the former Miss Louise Barnes, daughter of Mrs. Gertrude Manard Barnes, of San Antonio. The baby is the grandson of Col. Lewis Stone Sorley, USA, and Mrs. Sorley, of Philadelphia; great-grandson of Mr. and Mrs. J. Merrow of San Diego.

Mrs. J. A. McAndrew of Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., is spending the month of August at Ft. Douglas, Utah, with Maj. and Mrs. Harrison C. Browne.

Brig. Gen. William M. Cruickshank relinquished command of the Field Artillery School at Ft. Sill, Okla., when he bid Fort Sill "good-bye" last week.

General Cruickshank, traveling by auto, left with the troops which he has commanded for the past 3 and a half years, lining the highway on either side, bidding him a silent farewell. All officers not on duty with troops and ladies of the post were present at the officers club to also wish him a pleasant trip.

The official reception was held at the officers club with all officers of the garrison present.

Col. Robert C. Foy, First Field Artillery, will assume the duties of acting

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MRS. FRANK GORDON SELBY
Who, before her marriage to Ens. Frank Gordon Selby, USN, July 7, 1934, was Miss Lydia-Lane Foster, daughter of Mrs. Victor Sidney Foster and the late Colonel Foster, USA.

commandant until General Butner's arrival about the middle of September. General Butner left his duties at Ft. Lewis, Wash., on a six weeks' leave, Aug. 1, at the termination of which he will take over his new duties of commandant of the Field Artillery School.

Brig. Gen. William M. Cruickshank, USA, and Mrs. Cruickshank have arrived at the Martinique from Ft. Sill, Okla. They will spend several weeks in Washington before sailing for England.

Lt. Comdr. Arthur T. Emerson, USN, and Mrs. Emerson have arrived at the Martinique for a brief visit.

Weddings and Engagements

Announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Mary Elizabeth Butterfield, to Lt. Joseph J. Ladd, AC, USA, at Richmond, Va., July 11, 1934.

Mrs. Eugene Pintard Bicknell of Englewood, N. J., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Edith Evelyn Bicknell, and Lt. William Holmes Wenstrom, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Olof Wenstrom of Boston.

Lieutenant Wenstrom, a graduate of the United States Military Academy at West Point, is now in the Signal Corps. He took graduate degrees at Yale University and the California Institute of Technology. He is stationed at Bolling Fld., Washington, D. C.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Josephine Duckett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. Howard Duckett, of Hyattsville, Md., and Lt. Comdr. Thomas P. Jeter, USN, son of Mrs. M. L. Jeter, of Aiken, S. C. The wedding will take place early in September.

Miss Duckett attended Miss Eastman's School, in Washington. Lieutenant Commander Jeter is a graduate of the U. S. Naval Academy, class of 1919, and is now attached to squadron VF-2, aboard the USS Lexington.

Mr. and Mrs. William F. Hadley, of North Bangor, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Hildegarde L. Hadley, and Mr. Gerard M. Kincade, Jr., son of Col. Gerard M. Kin-

calde, USMC, and the late Penelope Robinson Kincade, of Louisville.

Miss Hadley is a graduate of Mount Holyoke College and has been teaching in Williams Memorial Institute, New London, Conn.

Mr. Kincade is a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and a member of Sigma Chi fraternity. He is with the Robert Gair Company, of New York, at Syracuse.

Mrs. George P. Wilson, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Leila Janet Wilson, and Lt. John Anderson Berry, Jr., son of Col. J. A. Berry, USA.

Lieutenant Berry was graduated from the United States Military Academy with the class of 1931 and is now stationed at Fort Bragg, N. C., with the Eighty-third Field Artillery.

The wedding will take place in the fall.

Announcement has been made by Miss Ada Louise Knox of West Hartford, Conn., of the engagement of her niece, Miss Elizabeth Clifton, and Lt. Benedict Ray, USA, son of Mrs. Roland F. Andrews of Hartford.

Lieutenant Ray was graduated from the United States Military Academy at West Point in 1933. He is now stationed at Ft. Jay, Governors Island.

Col. William H. Clopton, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Clopton, of Chevy Chase, Md., announce the engagement of their daughter Margaret and Mr. John F. Donahue, son of Mrs. Mary E. Donahue of Georgetown. The wedding is scheduled for the early part of October.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Jose of Washington, D. C., announce the engagement of their daughter, Susie Margaret and Lt. (Jg) Lawrence Cook, USN. Lieutenant Cook is a graduate of the Nashua High School and of the United States

(Please turn to Page 1025)

Daughters of the U. S. Army

The Boston Chapter of the Daughters of the United States Army held their August meeting at the Hotel Pioneer, Boston, Mass. Members attending were Miss Helen Cooper, Marcia Eddy, and her house guest, Miss Eleanor Broadrick of Naugatuck, Conn., and the Misses Elva Ekwurzel, Virginia Lincoln, Theresa McCabe, Dorothy Sowers and Margaret Earl Thomas.

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August 8, 1934

Mrs. James F. McKinley, wife of the adjutant general of the Army, left Washington this week for West Point to remain for the rest of the month. Major General McKinley will join her later.

The Quartermaster General and Mrs. Louis H. Bush have taken an apartment at 1870 Wyoming avenue.

The Chief of Field Artillery, Maj. Gen. Upton Birnie, Jr., and Mrs. Birnie and their daughter, Miss Margaret Birnie, are in their house at 3106 N street, Georgetown.

The Chief of Coast Artillery, Maj. Gen. William F. Hase and Mrs. Hase have moved from 2400 Massachusetts avenue and are in an apartment at 1868 Columbia road.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Chase W. Kennedy are spending the remainder of the summer in Canada, and will return to Washington in October.

The Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics of the Navy, Rear Adm. Ernest J. King, spent Aug. 7 in Newport where he went by airplane.

Maj. and Mrs. W. A. Burreas, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Cynthia Burreas, arrived in Washington recently. Major Burreas will attend the Army War College next year. He has arrived from duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

Maj. and Mrs. L. B. Clapham came to Washington a few days ago. Major Clapham was formerly stationed at Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

WEST POINT, N. Y.

August 8, 1934

Lt. Col. William M. Connor and Mrs. Connor have arrived at the post from Washington. Colonel Connor is the new professor of law at the military academy.

Lt. Malcolm R. Kammerer and Mrs. Kammerer have returned to their home in Highland Falls after spending a month as the guests of Lieutenant Kammerer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Kammerer, at Mastic, R. I.

Capt. Philip E. Gallagher and Mrs. Gallagher, who spent July at the post as guests of Capt. Paul R. Goode and Mrs. Goode and Maj. Dennis E. McCunniff and Mrs. McCunniff, left last week for Canada, where they will visit Captain Gallagher's father, Col. Hugh J. Gallagher, USA-Ret, before returning to their home at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.



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Lt. William H. Hennig, in command of a motor convoy, left Thursday, Aug. 2, for Ft. Monroe, Va., to await the arrival of the cadets first class from Ft. Benning, Ga. The cadets will have a week of coast artillery instruction at Ft. Monroe.

Capt. Patrick H. Timothy and Mrs. Timothy have with them for two weeks Captain Timothy's mother, Mrs. P. H. Timothy, of Nashville, Tenn.

Lt. John M. Weikert and Mrs. Weikert and their young son, who have been spending two weeks at the Thayer-West Point Inn, left Thursday for Lieutenant Weikert's new station at Maxwell Field, Montgomery, Ala.

Maj. Archibald V. Arnold, of Ft. Benning, Ga., was the guest early last week of Maj. John B. Thompson and Mrs. Thompson, who left the post Aug. 3 to accompany their niece, Miss Mary Swan Thompson, who has visited them for the last month, to her home in Mansfield, Pa. Mrs. Thompson will go later to Fishers Island, where she will spend August as the guest of her parents, General George H. Cameron and Mrs. Cameron.

Lt. Robert L. Howze and Mrs. Howze and their young daughter, Anne, left the post Aug. 3 for Brockville, Ont., where they will spend two weeks as the guests of Lt. Harris F. Scherer and Mrs. Scherer.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

August 8, 1934

Lt. Comdr. Clinton G. De Fornay and Mrs. De Fornay are staying at Carvel Hall. Lieutenant Commander De Fornay will be assigned to duty at the Naval Academy.

Lt. Chester Bruton and Mrs. Bruton and children have left for California. Lieutenant Bruton recently completed his course at the Post-Graduate School.

Capt. Theodore Johnson and Mrs. Johnson and their granddaughter, Miss Derland Johnson, are spending several days at Chappaqua, N. Y., where they went to attend the wedding on Friday of Mr. Theodore Woolsey Johnson, Jr., and Miss Melita Ames, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Winslow Ames.

Lt. Fred J. Letherman and Mrs. Letherman gave a children's party July 29 at their home at Weems Creek in honor of the birthday of their son, Fred Letherman.

At the speed-boat regatta held at Herald Harbor recently Capt. Ralston S. Holmes, acting superintendent of the Naval Academy, headed the list of judges. Dr. Cecil Bagby, of Baltimore, was chairman of the racing committee.

Capt. Charles M. Oman, MC, USN, and Mrs. Oman expect to leave Annapolis soon for a month's motor trip through New England. They will go first to Boston by sea and will remain away until about Sept. 1.

QUANTICO, VA.

August 8, 1934

Lt. and Mrs. Joseph C. Burger had a dinner in their home Wednesday evening, Aug. 1, in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Charles C. Gill. Captain Gill leaves the post Thursday, Aug. 2, for sea duty. The other guests were Maj. and Mrs. Clifton Cates, Capt. and Mrs. Duncan Waller, Mrs. Robert Armstred, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. William D. Davis and Maj. and Mrs. Samuel Woods, who have returned from a month's leave spent in South Carolina.

Lt. and Mrs. Raymond Hopper have arrived on the post for duty, having come here from Pensacola, Fla.

Capt. and Mrs. Bernard Dubel entertained with a supper party in their home recently. Among their guests were Maj. and Mrs. Harold Fassett, Maj. and Mrs. Lloyd Leech, Lt. and Mrs. Lawrence Normand, Capt. and Mrs. Raymond Knapp, Lt. and Mrs. Ernest E. Linset, Capt. and Mrs. Herbert Hardy, Captain Francis, Lieutenant and Mrs. Sessions, Lt. Ralph Fielding, Capt. and Mrs. Maurice Holmen from Washington, Lt. and Mrs. Herbert S. Keimling and the latter's sister, Mrs. Klamroth.

Capt. W. B. Richards left Wednesday, Aug. 1, for Wakefield, where he will act in an official capacity at the rifle matches.

Lt. and Mrs. John Wehle have returned from a month's leave spent in Philadelphia with Mrs. Wehle's parents, Gen. and Mrs. Smedley Butler.

Col. and Mrs. Frank J. Schwable are spending two weeks' leave in Atlantic City.

FT. DUPONT, DEL.

August 7, 1934

Lt. Col. U. S. Grant, 3rd, entertained at a dinner for a number of the Officers and their wives of the Post at the Hotel DuPont in Wilmington. Dancing was enjoyed during the evening.

Maj. and Mrs. Maurice N. Cook, USA-Ret, of Providence, R. I., were the guests of Major Cook's brother and sister-in-law, Capt. and Mrs. Webster Cook, for a few days.

Lt. Frederick H. Warren, CE, has reported at this Post for duty with the First Engineers. Lieutenant Warren has been at Princeton University for the past year pursuing an advanced course in engineering.

Col. U. S. Grant gave a reception on Monday evening at the Officer's Club for the Reserve Officers who arrived at the Post on Sunday for the annual two weeks training period of the Second Corps Area. Dancing

was enjoyed during the evening. Delicious refreshments were served at midnight.

Maj. and Mrs. Tatnall Simpkins had as their house guest for a week Mrs. Simpkins' sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Strickland, of Jacksonville, Fla.

Miss Margaret Clark of Delaware City entertained with an enjoyable bridge party on Sunday evening in honor of Colonel Grant.

Lt. and Mrs. Frank Purcell and two small sons left this week for their new station at Zanesville, Ohio. Mrs. Purcell's mother, Mrs. Alexander Jones, who has been their house guest for several months, has returned to her home at Long Beach, Calif.

Mrs. Gano Fairbanks and daughter, Miss Lorena Fairbanks, have returned to the garrison after a delightful visit with Capt. and Mrs. Herbert O'Dean of Camp Dix, N. J.

Lt. Col. John W. Downer, Inspector general of the Second Corps Area, is at this Post making his annual inspection.

Major and Mrs. Simpkins, and Captain and Mrs. Nortner entertained with a bridge party on Thursday in honor of Captain and Mrs. Whitaker, who are leaving for their new station at Pittsburgh University, and Mr. and Mrs. Maloney, who have been the house guest of Captain and Mrs. Nortner for the past week.

SCHOFIELD BARRACKS, T. H.

July 31, 1934

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Halstead Dorey were dinner hosts in their quarters at Schofield on Friday evening honoring Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Bryant H. Wells.

Other guests were: Brig. Gen. Robert S. Abernathy, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Von Halt, Lt. Col. and Mrs. John N. Greely, and Lt. and Mrs. John H. Hinds.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Louis B. Nuttman had as guests for dinner and Bridge Thursday evening in their quarters Captains and Mesdames James K. Campbell, Thornton Chase, Macey L. Dill and Marvin B. Durette.

Mrs. Herbert C. Gibner entertained at an attractively appointed tea in her home on Tuesday afternoon honoring her daughter, Miss Charlotte Gibner, and her house guest, Miss Christine Williams, Miss Edna Dorey and Miss Josephine Buchanan, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Guy C. Denib.

Mrs. Halstead Dorey and Mrs. Harold Wellington Jones presided at the tea table. A number of ladies of the Eleventh Medical Regiment assisted the hostess in caring for her guests.

Col. and Mrs. Raymond S. Pratt were dinner hosts in their home Thursday evening when their guests were Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Thomas E. Merrill, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Louis B. Nuttman, Col. and Mrs. David Van Voorhis, Col. and Mrs. Richard Witherill, and Maj. and Mrs. Philip L. Thurber.

Mrs. Pratt also entertained at luncheon on Thursday Mesdames Corbusier, Maury Crall, Frank Cunnin, Charles B. Elliott, James B. Gowen, M. S. Jones and Edward W. Wildrick.

Miss Eleanor Carr Allen who left on the Empress of Canada last Friday for her home in New York via Vancouver and Baffin was honored several times by her fiance, Capt. R. J. Sothern, during her visit to Schofield Barracks.

Captain Southern entertained at dinner at the Haleiwa Beach Club on the Saturday evening prior to Miss Allen's departure, when his guests were Capt. and Mrs. John W. Faulconer, Jr., Lt. and Mrs. Eleanor Parmy III, and Lt. and Mrs. Leslie F. Young.

On Sunday evening, July 8, Captain Southern had as guests for dinner and the theatre Col. and Mrs. William K. Moore, Maj. and Mrs. Christianity Pickett, Maj. and Mrs. Marvin Heyser, and Capt. and Mrs. Louis F. Kosch.

Miss Allen, Maj. and Mrs. Phillip L. Thurber, and Dr. and Mrs. W. O. French of Honolulu dined with Captain Southern at the Royal Hawaiian Hotel Thursday evening of last week later remaining for dancing.

LONG BEACH, CALIF.

August 5, 1934

Welcomed to the Southland after an absence of fifteen years, Mrs. Henry Hull of New York and Connecticut is being much entertained. She is a sister of Comdr. John C. Fremont, Jr., USN-Ret, of New York City, and a granddaughter of General John C. Fremont. Since her arrival the visitor has motored to Los Angeles over the same historic Cajon Pass through which the general and his American soldiers entered the chaparral plain, now known as Hollywood, leading to the then Spanish village of El Pueblo de Nuestra Señora la Reina de Los Angeles.

Other interesting visitors receiving their share of attention are Lt. L. R. Holbrook, ex-United States Army aviator, and his bride, the former Miss Mary Sutter, daughter of F. W. Sutter of Shanghai, China. The ex-Army flyer, who is the son of Maj. Gen. Lucius R. Holbrook, is now instructor at the central government flying school at Hangchow. They will be in California several weeks.

(Continued on Next Page)

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Posts and Stations
LONG BEACH, CALIF.

(Continued from Preceding Page)
eral weeks, sailing back to China from San Francisco.

Mrs. Carl Smith Doney, wife of Maj. Doney, USA, is to sail Tuesday for Honolulu on the Republic for her home in the Islands, rejoining her husband at his post. Mrs. Doney and her little daughter, Virginia, have been visiting her family at Santa Cruz, Dr. and Mrs. Thomas Parker Boyd of Oakland, in their summer home. Other guests in the home are Maj. Leonard R. Boyd, Mrs. Boyd and their infant daughter, Mary Ann, who plan to return the middle of this month to Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

Lt. Brookner West Brady is also sailing Tuesday for Hawaii with his bride, who was Marjorie Bacon. After a honeymoon trip to Del Monte following their marriage July 22, Lieutenant and Mrs. Brady have been making a brief visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Clifton Bacon of Los Angeles. The Army man is the son of Col. and Mrs. James Francis Brady of Washington, D. C., and is stationed at Schofield Barracks. He was a member of the 1932 Olympic pentathlon team.

Lt. Col. H. R. Oldfield, USA, commandant at Ft. MacArthur, was the guest of Lt. John K. Nissley, commandant of the Reserve Corps air base camp at Long Beach municipal airport, after the reception Thursday at the harbor in honor of Secretary of War Dern. Lt. Col. Oldfield complimented the officers who composed the air escort when the war secretary arrived.

Navy families who followed the USS Utah to Bremerton early in May are returning here. Among these are Mrs. Thomas S. Cameron, wife of Lt. Cameron, her daughter, Joan, and sister, Miss June Matthias, who are domiciled at 154 Roycroft Avenue.

Mrs. S. W. Callaway, wife of Lt. Callaway, USS Lexington, has as a house guest Mrs. Rutledge Irvine, wife of Comdr. Irvine, in command of VP7 squadron now making a flight to Alaska. The guest, whose home is in San Diego, will be here until September.

NORFOLK, VA.

August 10, 1934

Norfolk is distinctly "Navy Conscious" this week and the arrival on Wednesday of the battleships Arkansas and Wyoming with the hundreds of Midshipmen returning from their annual foreign cruises has been the occasion of great entertaining starting with a number of dinners on Thursday night followed by an informal dance in the History building at the Naval Base given by the officers stationed there in honor of the visiting Midshipmen and their guests.

On Friday night a dance was given at the Norfolk Country Club by the Norfolk Committee of the Association of Commerce for the midshipmen at which Norfolk's younger set turned out in full force. Entertainments have also been in progress for the Battle Force fleet of the Navy which also arrived on Wednesday.

In addition to the gaieties in Norfolk, a number of charming parties were given at Old Point at the Chamberlin Hotel, and these festivities were augmented by the arrival of 250 West Point cadets who also arrived this week at Ft. Monroe. All in all this week has been an exceedingly gay one with the Army and Navy set.

Capt. and Mrs. Burrell C. Allen were hosts on Thursday night at a supper party given at their home in the Naval Base in honor of their daughter-in-law, Mrs. Burrell C. Allen, Jr., who has recently arrived from the West Coast to visit them. Later in the evening Captain and Mrs. Allen and their guests attended the "Showboat" dance at Virginia Beach.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. W. D. Sample entertained Saturday afternoon at their home on Armistead Bridge Road in honor of the members of Fighting Squadron Five and their wives. Their guests numbered about thirty.

Lt. and Mrs. Michael Kornodle were hosts on Friday afternoon at the Ocean View Country Club in honor of Lt. and Mrs. D. D. Gurley who have recently arrived from the West Coast, and in honor also of Miss Elizabeth Proctor of Lumberton, N. C., who arrived this week to be their guest.

PT. GEORGE G. MEADE, MD.

August 6, 1934

Last Sunday, Aug. 5, Capt. and Mrs. Loren A. Wetherby and Capt. and Mrs. Joseph S. Dougherty entertained jointly at a tea dance which was held at the Officers' Club.

Mrs. Alexander L. P. Johnson, wife of Maj. Johnson, left the post recently for Mexico City where she is spending an indefinite visit with relatives and friends, after which she will join Major Johnson at their new station.

Among some of the new arrivals on the post for station here are Col. and Mrs. Channing E. Delaplane, who have just been on a tour of duty in Hawaii, and Lt. Col. and Mrs. D. B. Crafton, who have been in Minneapolis where Colonel Crafton was on Organized Reserve duty.

While here Colonel Delaplane is with the Civilian Components of the post and Colonel Crafton is Plans and Training Officer.

Lt. and Mrs. Robert F. Sink and their infant daughter left the post last week for Fort Benning where Lieutenant Sink is to be a student at the Infantry School.

Mrs. Noel A. Neal who has spent several weeks visiting her parents, Maj. and Mrs. Wm. A. McAdam, in Long Island, returned to the post last week. She was accompanied by her mother who will visit her for a while.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles C. Morgan who were recently stationed at Ft. Meade, and are now at Wilkes-Barre, Pa., where Captain Morgan is on Organized Reserve duty, are at present on the post while the regiment is here on summer training duty.

Capt. Butler L. Knight, who has just been retired from active service, and Mrs. Knight have left the post for Maine where they will spend some time before going to San Antonio where they are to make their future home.

CARLISLE BARRACKS, PA.

August 6, 1934

Maj. and Mrs. Leslie D. Baskin and daughter Lois and Alma Dean left the Post Wednesday, Aug. 1, for three months' leave to be spent in South Carolina and Colorado, previous to foreign service.

Lt. and Mrs. J. A. Bain entertained Capt. and Mrs. C. H. Searcy and Capt. and Mrs. O. K. Nissley at dinner in their quarters Wednesday evening, Aug. 1.

Maj. and Mrs. J. L. Hartman and family left the Post Wednesday, Aug. 1, for a month's leave in New Jersey.

Capt. and Mrs. T. N. Page left the Barracks Thursday, Aug. 2, for a month's leave in Bar Harbor, Maine.

Lt. and Mrs. Merritt B. Booth, of New York, are spending several weeks with Mrs. Booth's parents, Maj. and Mrs. T. G. Tousey, previous to sailing for Japan.

Lt. Col. M. C. Stayer returned to the Post Thursday, Aug. 2, after several days in Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. M. Willis, of Washington, D. C., spent several days visiting on the Post last week.

Lt. Col. L. W. Webb, Jr., spent Thursday and Friday, Aug. 2 and 3, in Philadelphia, Pa.

Lt. and Mrs. Paul B. Reis have arrived at the Barracks, where Lieutenant Reis has reported for duty.

Capt. and Mrs. O. K. Nissley spent the weekend in Fort Monmouth, N. J.

Capt. and Mrs. J. U. Weaver spent Saturday, Aug. 4, in Washington, D. C.

Capt. and Mrs. P. E. Keller, drove to Washington, D. C., Sunday, Aug. 5.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. M. C. Stayer spent Monday, Aug. 6, in Roaring Spring, Pa.

PT. SNELLING, MINN.

August 5, 1934

Lt. and Mrs. F. E. Dunn and daughter Carol, departed from the Garrison on Wednesday, Aug. 1, en route to their new station, Ft. Benning, Ga., where Lieutenant Dunn will attend the 1934-35 Course at the Infantry School. Before going to Benning they will visit Mrs. Dunn's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Koontz, at Sioux City, Iowa.

Lt. and Mrs. C. H. Day entertained with a dinner party in honor of Miss Elsie Stone, sister of Brig. Gen. David L. Stone, on Wednesday evening, Aug. 1, at Stone Lodge.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Day entertained with an informal dinner at their home on Tuesday evening, July 1.

Maj. and Mrs. T. W. O'Brien expect to return to the Garrison the first of the week after a week's vacation in the northern part of the state.

Maj. and Mrs. H. J. Matchet had as their house guests for two days last week Maj. and Mrs. Roger B. Harrison and daughter Virginia of New York City.

Capt. and Mrs. T. E. Mahoney had as their house guests last week-end Capt. and Mrs. Herbert McCrystle of Fargo, N. D. Captain McCrystle is on duty with the North Dakota Agriculture College at Fargo.

Mrs. M. C. Bigelow and daughter Florence Doane returned to the Garrison Saturday from Chicago, Ill., where they have been spending the past week, Aug. 4.

Lt. and Mrs. C. H. Day were the guests of Maj. and Mrs. William Houghton at a bridge dinner on Thursday evening, July 26, at the Automobile Club, in Minneapolis.

Maj. and Mrs. Houghton are visiting with friends and relatives in the Twin Cities.

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 1019)

2nd Lt. Grosvenor F. Powell, to 6th CA, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.

2nd Lt. Peter Schmick, to 63rd CA, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.

2nd Lt. Richard S. Spangler, to 52nd CA, Ft. Hancock, N. J.

2nd Lt. Phillip B. Stiness, to 10th CA, Ft. Adams, R. I.

2nd Lt. Robert J. Wood, to 2nd CA, Ft. Monroe, Va.

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. EDWARD CROFT, The C. of Inf.

1st Lt. Damon M. Gunn, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Yale University, New Haven, Conn.

Maj. G. G. Cowen, Ft. Benning, Ga., report to Army and Navy Gen. Hospital for treatment.

Col. John Scott, from Chicago, Ill., to Hawaiian Dept.

2nd Lt. Charles R. Kutz, from 29th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga., to Infantry School, Ft. Benning.

Capt. C. T. Davis, Ft. McPherson, Ga., report to Army and Navy General Hospital for treatment.

Col. H. G. Davids, Walter Reed General Hospital, report to retiring board for examination.

Col. William H. Patterson, from Corvallis, Ore., to Ft. Slocum, N. Y.

Capt. E. E. Robinson, Ft. Wayne, Detroit, Mich., will proceed to his home, await retirement.

1st Lt. L. E. Stephens, Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo., will proceed to his home, await retirement.

Maj. Roy W. Voegel, William Beaumont General Hospital, will report to retiring board, Pres. of S. F., Calif., for examination.

Capt. Arthur R. Walk, from Ft. Howard, Md., to Princeton University, Princeton, N. J.

Maj. Henry P. Blanks, from St. Paul, Minn., to 6th Brig., Ft. Douglas, Utah.

Lt. Col. Bloxham Ward, retired from active service upon own application after more than 33 years' service, Sept. 30, 1934.

Capt. William McC. Chapman, from Hawaiian Dept., det. with Org. Res., San Francisco, Calif.

Capt. C. A. Osborne, Pueblo, Colo., will proceed to his home, await retirement.

Maj. Sam I. McCants, from Hawaiian Dept., to Pres. of S. F., Calif.

Capt. Emil Krause, from Minneapolis, Minn., to 10th Inf., Ft. Hayes, Ohio.

Capt. T. R. Gibson, from San Juan, Puerto Rico, to 28th Inf., Ft. Ontario, N. Y.

Capt. J. C. Howard, Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo., will proceed to his home, await retirement.

Maj. Alfred S. Balsam, from Ft. Geo. G. Meade, Md., to Baltimore, Md.

1st Lt. H. B. Wilcox, from Reno, Nev., to 25th Inf., Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.

2nd Lt. S. F. Silver, from Panama Canal Dept., to 24th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.

The following officers from Hawaiian Dept., to 21st Inf., Ft. Benning: 1st Lt. Lee R. Williams; and 2nd Lt. G. M. Reilly.

1st Lt. J. V. Cole, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to New York University, New York City.

Capt. Neal W. Richmond, from San Juan, Puerto Rico, to Vermont Nat'l Guard, Montpelier, Vt.

Col. Sheldon W. Anding, retired on own application to take effect Sept. 30, 1934.

2nd Lt. Travis A. Beck, A. N. Gen. Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark.; to his home to await retirement.

Following officers from Univ. of Minnesota to station indicated after name: Capt. Hammond D. Birks, Ft. Snelling, Minn.; Capt. William A. Ellis, Ft. Brady, Mich.; 1st Lt. Vincent J. Conrad, Ft. Brady, Mich.

1st Lt. Harry M. Grizzard, from Ft. Moultrie, S. C.; to Ft. Benning, Ga., as student.

AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. BENJAMIN D. FOULOIS, The C. of AC.

Previous order relating to Capt. Walter J. Reed amended to read: from Philippine Dept., to Mitchell Fld., I. L., N. Y.

Maj. Norman W. Peek, Scott Fld., Ill., will proceed to his home, await retirement.

The following officers from station indicated to Hawaiian Dept.: Capt. William D. Wheeler, Langley, Fld., Va.; 2nd Lt. Herbert C. Gibney, Barksdale Fld., La.; 2nd Lt. Curtis E. LeMay, Selfridge Fld., Mich.; 1st Lt. Sigma A. Gilkey, Randolph Fld., Tex.; 1st Lt. Russell Kellor, Kelly Fld., Tex.; 1st Lt. Ford J. Lauer, Randolph Fld., Tex.; 2nd Lt. Reginald Heber, Randolph Fld., Tex.; 2nd Lt. John N. Stone, March Fld., Calif.

Capt. John G. Williams, from Randolph Fld., Tex., to Wright Fld., Dayton, Ohio.

Capt. C. F. Greene, from Governors Island, N. Y., to Wright Fld., Dayton, Ohio.

1st Lt. F. C. Fishback, Hawaiian Dept., will proceed to his home, await retirement.

LEAVES

Capt. George F. Davis, Inf., 1 month, 28 days, Aug. 3.

1st Lt. Ralph R. Sears, QMC, 4 months, Aug. 24.

2nd Lt. Roy G. Cuno, AC, 1 month, Aug. 4.

Capt. George Horsfall, MC, 2 months, Sept. 7.

Capt. Douglas S. Kellogg, MC, 1 month, 6 days, Aug. 16.

1st Lt. Leroy C. Davis, FA, 1 month, 15 days, Aug. 26.

2nd Lt. Richard H. Lee, AC, 2 months, Aug. 6.

Col. Ernest L. Ruffner, MC, 2 months, Nov. 1.

Capt. Clinton J. Ancker, Inf., 1 month,

25 days, Aug. 6.

2nd Lt. Emmett F. Yost, AC, 1 month, 18 days, Aug. 23.

2nd Lt. Edwin M. Day, AC, 2 months, Aug. 27.

Lt. Col. Franklin T. Burt, Inf., 2 months, 24 days, Aug. 7.

Capt. Murray T. Davenport, Inf., 3 months, 18 days, Aug. 12.

Capt. Le Roy A. Whittaker, CAC, 1 month, 12 days, Aug. 8.

Capt. Clifford A. Gray, Inf., 1 month, 24 days, Aug. 7.

Capt. Forrest E. Collins, Inf., 1 month, 24 days, Aug. 7.

Capt. Laurence D. Talbot, QMC, 1 month, 25 days, Aug. 15.

2nd Lt. Frederic H. Smith, Jr., AC, 1 month, 15 days, Sept. 5.

Capt. John F. Bohlander, MC, 2 months, Sept. 14.

Capt. Leon F. Sullivan, Inf., 1 month, 23 days, Aug. 8.

2nd Lt. Kenneth D. Nichols, CE, 4 months, Sept. 1.

TRANSFERS

The transfer of Maj. John McD. Thompson, Cav., to the QMC, July 25, 1934, is announced.

The transfer of 2nd Lt. C. M. Scipio, CAC, to the QMC, July 19, 1934, is announced.

WARRANT OFFICERS

W. O. B. C. Elders, Army Mine Planter Service, from Ft. Hancock, N. J., to Phillipine Dept.

W. O. Roy Rihm, Army Mine Planter Service, from Philippine Dept., to Ft. Hancock, N. J.

W. O. J. J. Gannon, from Ft. Logan, Colo., to New York port of embarkation, Brooklyn, N. Y.

W. O. Samuel Miller, from San Juan, Puerto Rico, to Ft. Ontario, N. Y.

W. O. J. B. Ryan, Ft. McPherson, Ga., report to retiring board for examination.

W. O. J. J. Gibney, Iowa City, Iowa, will proceed to his home, await retirement.

Retirements of Enlisted Men

Mr. Sgt. Archie Lewis, DEMI, Portland, Ore.; advanced on retired list to first lieutenant.

Sgt. Charles E. Nicely, QMC, Ft. Des Moines, Iowa; advanced on retired list to second lieutenant.

Mr. Sgt. Roger E. Hesley, Hdq. Btry., 14th CA, Ft. Worden, Wash.; advanced on retired list to second lieutenant.

1st Sgt. Simon P. Hilscher, Btry., C, 3rd FA, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.

Sgt. William E. Adams, Service Co. 3rd Inf., Ft. Snelling, Minn.

The following enlisted men ordered to be placed on the retired list at the place indicated:

Mr. Sgt. Deogracias Dagum, QMC, PS, Port Aransas, Manila, P. I.

Sgt. Elias Nuqui, MD, PS, Ft. William McKinley, P. I.

St. Sgt. Agapito Padilla, MD, PS, Ft. William McKinley, P. I.

BOARDS

A board consisting of the following officers is appointed to meet at Ft. Benning, Ga.:

Members

Maj. Milton W. Hall, MC; Maj. Henry E. Fraser, MC; Maj. Arthur H. Nylen, MC; Maj. Albert G. Kinberger, MC; Maj. James S. Brummette, MC.

Boards consisting of the following officers are appointed to meet at place indicated:

Walter Reed General Hospital, Army Medical Center, Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. Robert H. Mills, DC; Maj. Cleo J. Gentzkow, MC; Maj. Richard F. Thompson, DC.

Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif.

Col. Selbert D. Boak, DC; Maj. Augustus B. Jones, MC; Capt. James M. Epperly, DC.

Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Lt. Col. Frank L. K. Lafamme, DC; Lt. Col. Henry C. Coburn, Jr., MC; Maj. Brantley I. Newsom, DC.

Navy Yards Open Navy Day

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt announced this week that as Navy Day, Oct. 27, 1934, falls on Saturday, a day the Navy Yards and Stations are closed under the regular 5-day work week schedule, it has been directed that all activities in the Field Service of the Navy Department and the Marine Corps operating on the 5-day work week be closed on Monday, Oct. 22,

CCC Activities

Hackettstown, N. J.—Regular Army troops of the First Brigade, First Division, paraded and forestry workers of the Civilian Conservation Corps attended exercises in observation of Old Home Week at the fair grounds here on the afternoon of Wednesday, Aug. 8.

The Chief of the Division of Forests and Parks authorized the release of forestry workers from the six CCC companies in New Jersey to witness the celebration. The companies are No. 218 and No. 1268 at Branchville, No. 241 at Morristown, No. 1268 at High Bridge, No. 1278 at Hope, and No. 1276 at Hackettstown.

—o—

Ft. Moultrie, S. C.—Capt. Louis Y. Dawson, Jr., now on duty with the Civilian Conservation Corps as District "I" quartermaster, with headquarters in Charleston, whose duty on active service will expire on July 31, has been redetained on active duty for another period of six months. Captain Dawes will remain on his present duties as district quartermaster.

—o—

Ft. Crook, Nebr.—Col. T. M. Anderson, commander of the Nebraska district's ten CCC drouth relief stations, was the first to have his district completely occupied in the Seventh Corps Area. The full quota was reached July 26 according to a radiogram sent Washington officials.

At each CCC camp, more than two hundred workers are busily engaged in drouth relief projects in the surrounding country.

The Nebraska stations are at Ponca, Fulerton, Denton, Fairbury, Pawnee City, Ravenna, Ft. Crook, Blair, Ft. Robinson and Minatare.

—o—

Camp Shawneetown, Ill.—The Chaplains of Illinois who are carrying on with the Civilian Conservation Corps in the State of Illinois, with their leader, Chaplain M. O. Beebe, Corps Area Chaplain, Sixth Corps Area, Chicago, accepted the kind invitation of Lt. Col. Irving Madiso, Sixth Infantry, Jefferson Barracks, Mo., acting as District Commander, Twenty-First Forestry District, Capt. L. M. Kibbler, Infantry Reserve, Commanding Officer, Company 1658, CCC, Camp Springfield, Ill., and Chaplain T. V. L. Harvey, District Chaplain, Twenty-First Forestry District, to hold a meeting at Camp Springfield, Ill. The Chaplains in attendance were: Chaplain Walter H. Ruth, District Chaplain, Eighteenth Forestry District, Camp Skokie Valley, Glenn View, Ill., Chaplain Theo. V. L. Harvey, District Chaplain, Twenty-First Forestry District, Springfield, Ill., Chaplain Gerritt E. Mouw, Sixteenth Forestry District, Camp Black Hawk, Rock Island, Ill., Chaplain Thomas P. Birmingham, Twenty-Second Forestry District, Camp Giant City, Makanda, Ill., Chaplain Frederick E. More, District Chaplain, Twenty-Third Forestry District, Camp Shawneetown, Ill., Chaplain Joseph S. Latchford, Nineteenth Forestry District, Palos Park, Ill.

This conference was held at Camp Springfield, Company 1658, Springfield, Ill., for two days, July 25 and 26. Captain Kibbler spoke to the Chaplains on the subject "What I expect of my Chaplain." He emphasized the fact that the Chaplain is the religious leader and should emphasize religious training at all times. A very capable address "The Chaplain as religious leader," was given by Chaplain Ruth. The emphasis of the fact that religion is a life lived to its fullest extent as taught by its highest principle was noted in this paper. Another phase of the Chaplains' work that was presented was prepared by Chaplain Harvey. It was agreed after this paper that a Chaplain should preach spiritually-uplifting messages which are saturated with a love that understands the human. The message must handle the problem in a creative way. It should make man feel that God is near. After this Chaplain Mouw pointed out "The Chaplain as Pastor." The Chaplain must know the problems of the human

life. He must realize the limits of the human being and give such special guidance as needed. Chaplain Morse brought out the position of the "Chaplain as a recreational leader." The teaching of sportsmanship off and on the field is of prime importance in this position. Creative recreation to fill the extra hours of the man can be handled by the Chaplain very effectively. Chaplain Birmingham presented "The Chaplain as counselor and guide." It was pointed out that, next to the religious services, there was no other way that a Chaplain could be more helpful. Here is his opportunity to reach the heart of man and know the man and help him in getting the most out of life. The closing paper by Chaplain Latchford on "Special problems of the Chaplains who are on duty with the CCC" aided the conference in seeing clearly the many problems that are theirs to work out.

During the conference, discussions on civilian contacts, attendance at services, transportation, denominational services, extra professional duties, morale and military discipline were held. This the first conference of its type in this Corps Area and each Chaplain praised highly the value of such conferences and were explicit in their desires for such conferences at future dates.

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Dist Supply Company 1834, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.—A class has been organized in Bookkeeping, with about twenty enrolled. The enrollees are progressing nicely in the Shorthand course, this being their second week of school. Classes are being held in Public School No. 4, at the corner of Mason and Hackberry streets, in San Antonio. Other classes may be organized later.

Pensacola To Belgium

The USS Pensacola, Heavy Cruiser, designated to transport to Antwerp, Belgium, the remains of the late Ambassador May of Belgium, left Newport, R. I., Aug. 8, to arrive at Annapolis, Md., Aug. 10. She will arrive at Antwerp on Aug. 27, and rejoin the Fleet at Hampton Roads on Sept. 14.

The Pensacola, attached to Cruiser Division 4, Scouting Force, is commanded by Capt. Herbert Michael, USN.

Weddings and Engagements
(Continued from Page 1022)

Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md. No definite date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Jose is a graduate of Gunston Hall, Washington, and past international president of the Phi Sigma Epsilon Sorority.

Lieutenant Cook has for the past two years served on board of the USS Northampton of the scout forces, cruiser division No. 4 United States Pacific fleet in the West Coast. He recently came to New York with his division to be reviewed by the President.

Brig. Gen. William Roderick Sample, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Sample of 67 Park Avenue, New York City, have announced the engagement of Mrs. Sample's daughter, Miss Adeline Winston, and Berry Grant, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Grant of Atlanta.

Miss Winston is the daughter of the late Col. Edward T. Winston, USA, and sister of Edward Winston of this city. She was graduated from the Washington Seminary, Atlanta, later attended the Finch School, this city, and for a year studied abroad. She was presented at the Court of St. James in 1929 and the next year made her debut in Atlanta. She lives with General and Mrs. Sample in this city.

Mr. Grant attended Phillips Andover and was graduated from the Georgia School of Technology and Harvard Business School. He is a brother of Miss Harriet Grant and Bryan Grant, Jr. He is a member of the Harvard Club of New York, and is connected with the brokerage firm of Hornblower & Weeks.

The marriage will take place in the Autumn.

OBITUARIES

Mrs. Lelia S. Montague, 89 years old, died Aug. 7, 1934, at the summer home of her daughter, Mrs. George Barnett, widow of General Barnett, wartime commandant of the Marine Corps, at Wakefield Manor, Huntley, Va.

Mrs. Montague's father was Commodore Arthur Sinclair, who accompanied Commodore Perry on the historic opening of Japan to world commerce.

During the Civil War he resigned to enter the Confederate service and went down with his ship when it was sunk off Liverpool after running the blockade.

Her grandfather was Arthur Sinclair, who served with Perry on the Great Lakes and later founded the first American naval school, which later became the Academy at Annapolis.

Another grandfather was Gen. Richard Kennon of Revolutionary War fame, long a resident of Georgetown.

Besides Mrs. Bennett, Mrs. Montague is survived by two other daughters, Mrs. C. Phillips Hill, of Washington and Mrs. George Murray, wife of Commander Murray, USN.

Her only son, Walter Montague, died two years ago.

—o—

Mrs. Harriet Agnes McMorrow, 72, mother of Capt. H. A. McMorrow, Instructor, Arkansas National Guard, Fayetteville, Ark., died in Fayetteville, July 29, 1934, after several days' illness.

Funeral services were held at 9 o'clock July 30, 1934, at St. Joseph's Catholic church with Rev. Walter Tynin in charge, assisted by Jack Appleby. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

Pallbearers were Dr. W. J. Frost, Dr. E. A. Welch, Lt. T. F. Moran, Andrew Munday, Capt. Bryan Milburn, and Col. E. M. Ratliff.

Mrs. McMorrow was born Nov. 9, 1863, in New York City. Besides the son, with whom she lived at 505 N. Washington Ave., she leaves another son, Eugene L. McMorrow of Boston.

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Lt. Col. William D. A. Anderson, Third Corps Area Engineer on the staff of Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone, died July 16, 1934 at the Union Memorial Hospital in Baltimore, Md. He was 53 years old and had been ill for several months.

A native of Lexington, Va., Colonel Anderson attended Washington and Lee University before entering the Military Academy at West Point from which he graduated second in the class of 1904 when he was commissioned a second lieutenant of engineers. He graduated from the Engineers' School in 1907 and served on engineering duty until the World War when he was assigned as division engineer of the Fifth Division and in Command of the Seventh Engineers. Since the war Colonel Anderson has served as an instructor at the Command and General Service School at Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas, as engineer of the Second Division and in command of the Second Engineers and on river and harbor duty in charge of the maintenance of the harbors of Mobile, Pensacola, Biloxi and Gulfport and the Warhol river route from Birmingham to Mobile. Colonel Anderson joined General Malone's staff two years ago.

Surviving Colonel Anderson are his wife, Mrs. Maude Brown Anderson and a daughter, Miss Maude Brown Anderson. Colonel Anderson's father, the Hon. William A. Anderson, was formerly Attorney General of Virginia. Funeral services were held at the chapel at Ft. Myer, Virginia at 1:30 p. m., July 18. Interment at Arlington Cemetery with full military honors. The pallbearers were: Col. G. T. Perkins, of the Third Corps Area General Staff, Lieutenant Colonels R. F. Ward, J. J. Phillipson, Robert M. Danford, J. B. Richardson, all West Point classmates and Lt. Col. L. H. Watkins, of the War Department General Staff.

—o—

Chief Boatswain's Mate Johnson Cranmer, officer in charge of the Coast Guard station at Barnegat, N. J., died at sea Aug. 4. He was at the wheel of the station motor life boat going to the rescue of a disabled yacht when stricken. He was 38 years old and had been in the service since 1918.

Births, Marriages and Deaths

BORN

BLAIR—Born July 20, 1934, to Lt. and Mrs. Leon N. Blair, USN, a daughter.

COHEN—Born at Suffern, N. Y., July 18, 1934, to Dr. and Mrs. Max Cohen, DC, USN, 1918-1927, a son, Samuel Edward.

GARRY—Born at Georgetown University Hospital, Washington, D. C., Aug. 9, 1934, to Lt. and Mrs. W. A. Garry, USN, a daughter.

HEARN—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., July 30, 1934, to Maj. and Mrs. H. E. Hearn, USA, a son, Harry Elton Hearn, 2nd.

JONES—Born at Wheeling, W. Va., June 27, 1934, to Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Stone Jones, a daughter, Calvert Truxton Jones; grand-daughter of Mrs. George H. Sands and the late Col. George H. Sands.

KORNS—Born at San Diego, Calif., July 22, 1934, to Lt. and Mrs. V. E. Korns, USN, a daughter, Brenda.

LYNCH—Born at Holy Cross Hospital, Salt Lake City, Utah, June 21, 1934, to Lt. and Mrs. George P. Lynch, USA, a son, George Patrick Lynch, Jr.

SORLEY—Born at West Point, N. Y., Aug. 3, 1934, to Lt. and Mrs. Merron E. Sorley, CE, USA, a son, Lewis Stone Sorley, 3rd; grandson of Col. and Mrs. Lewis Stone Sorley, USA.

WIRTH—Born at Charleston, S. C., Aug. 9, 1934, to Lt. and Mrs. T. R. Wirth, USN, a daughter.

MARRIED

BEARCE-REYNOLDS—Married in Chevy Chase, D. C., July 28, 1934, Miss Elizabeth V. Reynolds, daughter of Lt. Col. James H. Reynolds, USA-Ret., to Mr. H. F. Bearce.

DUNN-BEARDSLEE—Married at La Jolla, Calif., July 28, 1934, Miss Betty Beardslee, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. N. M. Beardslee, USA-Ret., and granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. Thomas Ridgeway, USA-Ret., to Mr. Charles B. Dunn, III.

LADD-BUTTERFIELD—Married at Richmond, Va., July 11, 1934, Miss Mary Elizabeth Butterfield, to Lt. Joseph J. Ladd, AC, USA.

McBRIDE-FRAKES—Married at Los Angeles, Calif., recently, Mrs. Carolyn Walton Frakes, to Capt. A. J. McBride, in charge of CCC camp at Tujunga, Calif., son of Col. and Mrs. R. B. McBride, USA-Ret.

SMITH-OLSEN—Married at Minot, N. D., July 17, 1934, Miss Jean Olsen, to Enz. Charles H. Smith, USN.

SODERBERG-DAVIS—Married at Alexandria, Va., July 26, 1934, Miss Elizabeth G. Davis, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Robert Davis, USA-Ret., to Mr. Raymond Soderberg.

YOUNG-DUEHRING—Married at Annapolis, Md., July 27, 1934, Miss Marie Louise Duehring, to Enz. Melvin Thayer Young, USN.

DIED

DORSKY—Died at New York City, Aug. 6, 1934, Mr. Sgt. Frank Dorsky, USA.

ELMORE—Died en route to Honolulu, T. H., Aug. 7, 1934, aboard the Army Transport Republic, Maj. Shirley Q. Elmore, MC, USA.

MARTIN—Died at Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 2, 1934, Lt. Comdr. Carl K. Martin, USN-Ret.

MOORMORE—Died at Fayetteville, Ark., July 29, 1934, Mrs. Harriet Agnes McMorrow, mother of Capt. H. A. McMorrow, Instructor, Arkansas National Guard, Fayetteville, Ark.

MONTAGUE—Died at Huntley, Va., Aug. 7, 1934, Mrs. Lelia S. Montague, widow of General Barnett, wartime commandant of the Marine Corps; and mother of Mrs. George Murray, wife of Commander Murray, USN.

MOORMAN—Died at Ft. McPherson, Ga., Virginia Moorman, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Thomas S. Moorman, USA.

SHEPARD—Died at Philadelphia, Pa., July 30, 1934, Lucille Shepard, sister of Maj. C. A. Shepard, USA-Ret. Interment Lakeview Cemetery, Minneapolis, Minn.

WALL—Died at Washington, D. C., Aug. 2, 1934, Mr. Sgt. August Wall, USA.

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Financial Digest

The daily average volume of Federal Reserve bank credit outstanding during the week ended August 1, as reported by the Federal Reserve banks, was \$2,464,000,000, an increase of \$3,000,000 compared with the preceding week and of \$255,000,000 compared with the corresponding week in 1933.

On August 1, total Reserve bank credit amounted to \$2,463,000,000, an increase of \$7,000,000 for the week. This increase corresponds with increases of \$24,000,000 in money in circulation, \$102,000,000 in Treasury cash and deposits with Federal Reserve banks, \$3,000,000 in non-member deposits and other Federal Reserve accounts and a decrease of \$3,000,000 in Treasury and national bank currency, offset in part by a decrease of \$105,000,000 in member bank reserve balances and an increase of \$21,000,000 in monetary gold stock.

There were practically no changes in the System's holdings of bills discounted, bills bought in open market and United States Government securities.

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Journal's Promotion Forum

(Continued from Page 1021)

twenty-one major generals and forty-six brigadier generals of the line.

The number of promotion-list officers shall be such as results from the operation of the respective promotion systems prescribed in this Act and shall not otherwise be limited except as follows:

The aggregate number of colonels shall not be less than 4.3 per centum nor more than 5.3 per centum; that of lieutenant colonels not less than 6.7 per centum nor more than 14.7 per centum; that of majors not less than 14 per centum nor more than 27 per centum; and the number at any one time of promotion-list officers in the combined grades of major, lieutenant colonel, and colonel, not more than 40 per centum of the maximum aggregate number of promotion-list officers authorized by law.

SEC. 8. That major generals and brigadier generals of the line and chiefs and assistant chiefs of branches shall be appointed and promoted as now authorized by law.

Promotion-list officers in the grades of second lieutenant, first lieutenant, captain, major and lieutenant colonel, upon passing the physical examination required by law and except as otherwise prescribed in this section, shall be promoted to the next higher grade when their names appear first in their grade upon the promotion list and when under the provisions of this Act they are credited for promotion with five, ten, seventeen, twenty-three and thirty years of service, respectively.

The promotion of captains, majors, and lieutenant colonels credited with seventeen, twenty-three and thirty years of service, respectively, shall be deferred so long as necessary to prevent the maximum percentage hereinbefore prescribed for the respective grades of major, lieutenant colonel and colonel, or combined grades, from being exceeded. Insofar as necessary to maintain for the grades of major, lieutenant colonel and colonel the minimum percentages hereinbefore prescribed, captains, majors and lieutenant colonels of less than seventeen, twenty-three and thirty years of service, respectively, shall, upon passing the physical examination required by law, be promoted in the order of their standing upon the promotion list.

SEC. 4. That length of service for the promotion of officers under this act shall be computed as follows:

First. Each promotion-list officer originally commissioned in the Regular Army as of a date prior to July 2, 1920, without prior Federal commissioned service, whose active commissioned service shall have been continuous since acceptance of original commission, shall be credited with the full period from date of such original commission:

Second. Each promotion-list officer commissioned in the Regular Army or Philippine Scouts as of a date prior to July 2, 1920, who is not included in the category defined in the preceding subparagraph shall be credited with a length of service equal to that credited to the officer of said category whose name appears nearest above his on the promotion list;

Third. Each promotion-list officer originally commissioned in the grade of second lieutenant in the Regular Army or Philippine Scouts as of a date after July 1, 1920, shall be credited only with the period of service from the date of such original commission: Provided, That each promotion-list officer not included in any of the foregoing categories and each officer of said categories whose original relative position on the promotion list shall have been changed or affected by sentence of court-martial, by special enactment, by discontinuity of his active service, or by suspension from promotion, shall be credited with such length of service for promotion as the Secretary of War shall determine to be appropriate to his relative position on the promotion list.

SEC. 5. That all prior statutory provisions governing the termination of active service of officers shall, except as otherwise specifically prescribed in this Act, continue in full force and effect and be administered as now provided by law. Provided, That all officers of the Regular Army heretofore or hereafter retired from active service, shall be borne on one list designated as the "Regular Army Retired List" and there shall be no subdivision into limited and unlimited lists.

SEC. 6. That a board of officers, designated as the General Personnel Board, consisting of five major generals of the line, shall be appointed annually by the President.

The board shall constitute and perform the duties of the board convened for the classification of officers under provisions of Section 24b of the Act of June 4, 1920 (41 Stat. 771; U.S.C. 10: 553).

As soon as a vacancy exists in the grade of brigadier general of the line, the board will determine the fitness of the senior pro-

motion-list colonel to fill the vacancy, and if he is found qualified for the increased rank and responsibility, the board will make recommendation to the President for the appointment of the senior promotion-list colonel to the grade of brigadier general of the line. If the board finds that the senior promotion-list colonel is unfit for promotion to the grade of brigadier general of the line, he shall be transferred from the active list to the retired list, and shall receive retired pay at the percentage rate prescribed in section 1274, Revised Statutes, United States Code 10:971.

The board shall make recommendations relative to the termination of active service of officers in all cases, except resignations, sentence of general courts-martial, compulsory retirements for age, length of service, or physical disability.

SEC. 7. That during each Fiscal year the President shall cause to be transferred from the active list to the retired list all brigadier generals of the line who are more than sixty-two years of age, and after all vacancies that may exist on the effective date of this Act, or that may occur under the provision of this Act, as of the effective date thereof, in the several grades of promotion-list officers shall have been filled, the President shall cause to be transferred to the retired list during each fiscal year all promotion-list officers of the Army below the grade of brigadier general who are more than sixty years of age.

SEC. 8. That during each fiscal year promotion-list lieutenant colonels who are more than fifty-seven years of age, majors who are more than fifty-two years of age, and captains who are more than forty-seven years of age, may file applications to be transferred from the active list in the manner hereinbefore provided, and after all separations from the active list for all other causes shall have been effected in each fiscal year, the President is hereby authorized, on or before June 30 of each fiscal year to designate for transfer from the active list from among such applicants who shall have been recommended for such transfer by the General Personnel Board as hereinbefore provided, for such number as shall not cause the total of separations of promotion-list officers to exceed the number of 477.

SEC. 9. That after all separations from the active list for all other causes hereinbefore provided for shall have been effected in each fiscal year, the President, upon the recommendation of the General Personnel Board shall cause to be transferred from the active list to the retired list each year such number of other promotion-list officers who have rendered more than ten years of commissioned service, and whose records over their entire commissioned service clearly indicate that they are less efficient than all other officers of approximately the same amount of commissioned service, to bring the total number of separations of promotion-list officers to the number of 477, for that fiscal year.

SEC. 10. That officers designated for transfer to the retired list, under the provisions of sections 7 or 8 of this Act, shall be ordered to their homes as soon as practicable after such designation and upon the expiration of such leave of absence with full pay as may be granted them under existing laws, shall be transferred to the retired list hereinbefore authorized. Except as provided in sections 12 or 13 hereof, officers retired under the provisions of sections 7 or 8 hereof shall receive retired pay computed as follows: Brigadier Generals of the line, and officers retired because of having attained an age of more than sixty years or of having rendered more than thirty-six years of commissioned service shall receive retired pay at the percentage rate prescribed in section 1274, Revised Statutes, United States Code 10:971; and all other officers at the rate of 2 1/2 per centum of the active duty pay received at the date of retirement, multiplied by a number equal to the number of years of service rendered by each respective officer, not in excess of thirty years, including all service credited for pay purposes on the date of retirement, any fractional part of a year amounting to six months or more to be counted as a complete year: Provided, That no officer so transferred to the retired list shall receive less than 50 per centum of the active duty pay of the grade in which retired.

SEC. 11. That officers removed from the active list under the provisions of Section 9 hereof shall be compensated as follows: officers of more than ten but less than fifteen years of commissioned service shall be honorably discharged with two years' pay; officers of more than fifteen years of service but less than twenty years of commissioned service shall be honorably discharged with three years' pay; and officers of more than twenty years of commissioned service shall be placed on the retired list with retired pay computed at the rate of 2 1/2 per centum.

(Continued on Next Page)

FINANCE

Dedicate Memorial Windows

Brig. Gen. Joseph P. Tracy, Post Commander, and Col. Harold E. Cloke, Harbor Defense Commander, took part in a very impressive unveiling ceremony at the Post Chapel, the historic Church of the Centurion, at Fort Monroe, Virginia, Sunday morning, July 29.

The children of the late Col. Edmund P. Easterbrook, former Chief of Chaplains, and Mrs. Fannie Luscombe Easterbrook presented on this occasion to the church and garrison two beautiful windows in memory of their beloved parents. The post chaplain read a message from the present Chief of Chaplains, Col. Alva J. Brasted, after which the presentation was made by Lt. Ernest F. Easterbrook.

General Tracy was assisted in the unveiling by two members of the junior choir, Miss Bobette Hayden and Miss Helen Jones. Both General Tracy and Colonel Cloke lauded the unselfish service of Chaplain and Mrs. Easterbrook, and held them up as shining examples of devotion to duty, to church, and country. Chaplain Jones, assisted by the congregation, dedicated the memorial windows and afterward preached a short sermon on "The Essentials of True Greatness." The chapel choir, directed by Maj. E. St. C. Wren, rendered music appropriate to the occasion.

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Journal's Promotion Forum
(Continued from Preceding Page)

of the total active duty pay received at the date of retirement, multiplied by a number equal to the number of years of service computed as prescribed in the next preceding paragraph rendered by each respective officer, not in excess of thirty years, including all service credited for pay purposes on date of retirement.

Officers designated in any fiscal year under the provisions of this Act for transfer to the retired list shall, for purposes of computation, be deemed to have been transferred from the active list in the fiscal year in which designated, notwithstanding the deferment of separation as herein authorized.

SEC. 12. That any officer originally appointed in the Regular Army as of July 1, 1920, at an age greater than forty-five years, may if he so elects, in lieu of retired pay at the rate hereinbefore provided, receive retired pay at the rate of 4 per centum of the active pay of his grade for each complete year of commissioned service in the United States Army, not exceeding 75 per centum of active pay.

SEC. 13. That captains on the promotion list originally appointed in the regular establishment of the Army or in the Philippine Scouts, to rank from July 1, 1920, or prior thereto, who served as commissioned officers in the World War prior to November 12, 1918, and who shall be transferred to the retired list under the provisions of Sections 7 and 8 of this Act shall be retired in the grade of major, with retired pay equal to 50 per centum of the active duty pay of that grade: Provided, That no such officer shall receive less retired pay than 2½ per centum of the active duty pay of the grade in which retired, multiplied by a number equal to the number of years of service rendered by such officer, not in excess of thirty years, including all service counted for pay purposes on date of retirement.

SEC. 14. That each number of any board convened pursuant to any of the provisions of this Act shall swear or affirm that he will without prejudice or partiality and having in view solely the special fitness of officers and the efficiency of the service, perform the duties imposed upon him as herein provided.

SEC. 15. That nothing in this Act, contained, shall be deemed to apply to temporary promotions or advancements in rank of commissioned officers of the Air Corps as authorized in the Act of July 2, 1926 (44 Stat. 780; U.S.C. Supp. III, 10:202a).

SEC. 16. That on and after July 1, 1935, no service shall be counted for purposes of pay except active commissioned service under a Federal appointment and commission in the National Guard when called out by order of the President.

SEC. 17. That nothing in this Act shall operate to reduce the pay and allowances of any officer or warrant officer on the active list below the pay to which he is entitled by reason of his grade and length of service on June 30, 1935.

SEC. 18. That nothing in this Act shall operate to reduce the pay of any officer or warrant officer on the retired list on June 30, 1935.

SEC. 19. That this Act may be cited as "The Army Promotion-List Efficiency Act," and shall be effective from and after July 1, 1935, and all laws and parts of laws, in so far as the same are inconsistent herewith or are in conflict with any of the provisions hereof, are hereby repealed.

A MAJOR.**General Parsons' Plan**

The following plan to provide for promotion in the Regular Army has been sent to the Adjutant General of the Army by Brig. Gen. J. K. Parsons, USA, Commanding Vancouver Barracks, Wash.:

1. Reference to letter AG 210.2 (7-6-34) Subject: Preparation of a plan to provide for promotion in the Army.

2. Any plan to relieve the present promotion situation must either provide for promotion in accordance with length of commissioned service, as is done in the Medical Corps, or must create, through forced attrition, vacancies to be filled by promotion. Promotion according to length of commissioned service cannot be justified in the present situation as a majority of officers have approximately the same length of service, which would cause them to be promoted to the same grade at the same time. To have a majority of army officers as majors, lieutenant colonels or colonels at the same time would be ridiculous, not to mention the excessive cost of such a plan. Creating vacancies by forced attrition has never met with favor in the army. This is due in a great part to the fear that officers forced to retire would be called upon to make unreasonable sacrifices. If this fear was removed, I believe that the

army as a whole would be in favor of forced attrition.

3. Bearing this in mind, I have drawn up a plan to correct the present promotion situation, which is presented herewith in the form of a bill. In this bill I have attempted to protect the interests of those retired except those retired under Section 24 b of The National Defense Act, whether retired by forced attrition or other causes.

A bill to increase the efficiency of the regular army:

It enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. Hereafter an officer carried on the promotion list of the Regular Army shall, on retirement, be retired in the grade of second lieutenant if with less than three years of commissioned service, in the grade of first lieutenant after three years of commissioned service, in the grade of captain after seven years of commissioned service, in the grade of major after fourteen years of commissioned service, in the grade of lieutenant colonel after twenty-two years of commissioned service, in the grade of colonel after twenty-six years of commissioned service. Provided that if an officer retired in a grade shall have the pay of that grade on the retired list according to length of service as provided by law. Provided further than the provisions of this act shall not apply to any officer that is retired under Section 24 b of The National Defense Act.

NOTE: This gives each officer on the promotion list the same rank and pay as is now accorded an officer of the Veterinary Corps with similar service.

It should be noted that rank is based on the retired list upon active commissioned service, while pay is based on total service, enlisted or commissioned. As an example, a first lieutenant retired under this section with fourteen years' commissioned service only would be retired with the rank of major and with the pay of \$225.00 a month. If he had fourteen years' commissioned service and 16 years' enlisted service he would be retired as a major with the pay of \$328.12 a month.

Section 2. That an officer of the Regular Army borne on the retired list of the Regular Army at the time of the approval of this act, except officers of the Medical Corps and officers of the Chaplains Corps, shall, upon his application, be given the rank, based upon his active commissioned service and the pay on the retired list as provided for in Section 1 of this act. Provided that if a retired officer of the Regular Army does not make the application as provided for in this section, his rank and pay shall not be affected. Provided further no part of this section shall apply to any officer that has been retired under Section 24 b of The National Defense Act.

NOTE: This gives the same privileges to officers already on the retired list as is accorded to those retired under Section 1, above, provided they apply for those privileges. The last provision was put in to protect the interests of those officers already on the retired list that might be adversely affected.

Section 3. When in any fiscal year the number of vacancies among promotion list officers in the grade of second lieutenants of the Regular Army does not equal four per centum of the total number of promotion list officers authorized by law for the Regular Army, the President shall, under regulations prescribed by him, select and place on the retired list of the Regular Army a sufficient number of promotion list officers which, when added to the vacancies in the grade of second lieutenant borne on the promotion list will equal four per centum of the number of promotion list officers authorized by law. (1) Provided that no officer on the promotion list selected for retirement under this section shall have less than eighteen years of commissioned service in the Regular Army, or shall be less than forty-five years of age. (2) Provided further, that if in any fiscal year the number of vacancies among promotion list officers in the grade of second lieutenant of the Regular Army exceeds four per centum of the total number of promotion list officers authorized by law for the Regular Army, the vacancies in excess of four per centum will be carried forward to the next fiscal year and added to the vacancies occurring during that fiscal year. (3) All promotion list officers retired in a fiscal year under the provisions of this section shall be retired as of June 30th. Provided that an officer retired under provisions of this section may be retained on the active list of the Regular Army until November 30th of the succeeding year with the same rank, pay and allowances that he had at the time of his retirement. Provided further that officers retained on the active list under provisions of this section, shall, between July 1st and November 30th be in addition to the total number of active officers authorized by law for the Regular Army.

NOTES: (1) Four per cent of the total

number of officers on the promotion list equals 434. The normal casualties in each year is approximately 230. This leaves approximately 200 officers to be placed on the retired list by forced attrition.

(2) Eighteen years of commissioned service was put in to insure that officers forced out would be retired with adequate rank and pay. The minimum age was inserted to prevent filling up the retired list with comparatively young officers.

(3) This condition should never occur if the officers selected for retirement are distributed in proportion to the number that would retire for age in the years that are affected. As an example, assuming this proposed law was in effect now—the years that would be affected would be those between 1934 and 1953—(64—45=19+1934=1953).

(4) This was inserted so as to give an officer that had been selected for retirement, opportunity to take, with full pay and allowances, the leaves that he is legally entitled to.

Section 4. Hereafter all persons appointed as second lieutenants in the Regular Army except persons appointed as second lieutenants in the Veterinary Corps and the Medical Administrative Corps, shall be appointed in the line. (1) The number of persons appointed as second lieutenants in the line shall not exceed in any fiscal year four per centum of the total number of promotion list officers that are authorized by law for the Regular Army. (2) All appointments of second lieutenants in the line made in any fiscal year shall be made between July 1st and August 31st—with rank from July 1st of that year. (3) A person appointed as second lieutenant in the line shall be a citizen of the United States, unmarried, and shall not be less than twenty-one years of age or more than twenty-seven years of age and shall be chosen from the groups in the order as herein set forth. First: Graduates of the United States Military Academy; Second: Graduates Flying Cadets of the Air Corps; Third: Enlisted men of the Regular Army that have served not less than two years in a Combatant Arm; Fourth: Graduates of the Reserve Officers Training Corps who shall have satisfactorily completed the further training provided for in Section 47 a of the National Defense Act; Fifth: Civilians who have received four years' instruction in Civilian Military Camps and who have been recommended for commission in the Regular Army. Persons of a group will take rank with persons of other groups in the order set forth for groups in this section. Persons in a group will take rank among themselves in accordance with the rules prescribed by the President. Provided that no person shall be appointed from the third, fourth and fifth groups without passing an examination as to his mental, moral and physical fitness, as may be prescribed by the President.

NOTES: (1) The line is defined by Section 2 of The National Defense Act.

Requiring second lieutenants, except second lieutenants of the Medical Administrative Corps and Veterinary Corps to be commissioned in the line was inserted to prevent any being commissioned in any staff corps or department as has been done on several occasions in the past. No officer should be commissioned in a staff corps or department, except Medical, until he has served several years in the line.

(2) This requires the appointment of 434 second lieutenants. West Point furnishes annually approximately 350. This leaves approximately 85 to be obtained from other sources.

(3) If the vacancies in the grade of second lieutenant in the line in a fiscal year are not to be filled until the beginning of the next fiscal year it is essential that they be filled as soon as possible after July 1st. For this reason the requirement may be filled before August 31st was inserted. If officers are appointed at approximately the same time, they should all rank from the same date.

(4) No person appointed a second lieutenant should be over 27 years of age. The Government has a service expectancy of 43 years from a second lieutenant appointed when he is 21 years old. From one appointed when he is 27 years of age it has a service expectancy of only 37 years which is little enough.

Section 5. All laws and parts of laws insofar as they are inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Status of Promotion**ARMY PROMOTION STATUS**

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) Since August 3, 1934.

Last promotion to the grade of Col.—Hiram M. Cooper, Inf., No. 8, April, 1934. A.L. & Director. Vacancies—None. Senior Lt. Col.—Troup Miller, Cav.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—Robert L. Eichelberger, AGD, No. 557. Vacancies—None. Senior Major—Monte J. Hickok, CAC.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—

Theodore B. Apgar, Cav., No. 2318. Vacancies—None. Senior Capt.—Ernest T. Barco, FA.

Last promotion to the grade of Capt.—Angier H. Foster, AC, No. 5778. Vacancies—None. Senior 1st Lt.—Harry C. Dowdall, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—James L. Hathaway, Cav., No. 8463. Vacancies—None. Senior 2nd Lt.—George A. Brickman, Cav.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

August 19, 1934

The following shows the name of the junior officer in the ranks indicated:

Rear Adm. W. S. Pye, Capt. C. N. Hinkamp, Comdr. J. R. Redman, Lt. Comdr. L. E. Gehres, Lt. John C. Daniel.

Medical Corps

Rear Adm. James C. Pryor, Capt. J. B. Pollard, Comdr. J. R. White, Lt. Comdr. H. C. Johnston, Lt. T. F. Weinert.

Dental Corps

Comdr. E. K. Patton, Lt. Comdr. H. G. Ralph, Lt. E. H. Delaney.

Supply Corps

Rear Adm. G. G. Seibels, Capt. J. H. Knapp, Comdr. H. G. Bowerfield, Lt. Comdr. D. F. Zimmerman, Lt. L. H. Thomas, Lt. (jg) C. T. Abbott.

Chaplain Corps

Capt. E. A. Duff, Comdr. T. L. Kirkpatrick, Lt. Comdr. J. M. Hester, Lt. G. L. Markle.

Construction Corps

Rear Adm. R. M. Watt, Capt. A. J. Chantry, Jr., Comdr. G. W. Nelson, Lt. Comdr. William Niedert, Lt. J. J. Scheibeler.

Civil Engineer Corps

Rear Adm. R. E. Bakenhus, Capt. R. Whitman, Comdr. J. N. Laycock, Lt. Comdr. W. W. Schneider, Lt. H. MacT. Sylvester.

MARINE CORPS PROMOTION STATUS

August 10, 1934

Last Commissioned Last to make number

Brigadier General

Douglas C. McDougal Richard P. Williams

Colonel

Frederick A. Barker Ralph S. Keyser

Lieutenant Colonel

Clarke H. Wells Thomas E. Watson

Major

William W. Ashurst Harold D. Campbell

Captain

George W. McHenry Ralph E. Forsyth

First Lieutenant

Mercade A. Cramer James H. Brower

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National Guard of U. S.

Providence, R. I.—Brig. Gen. Herbert R. Dean, the Adjutant General of Rhode Island, has submitted a very interesting annual report.

"Notwithstanding a sharp reduction in Federal funds," General Dean said, "including the reduction of the number of paid drills from forty-eight to thirty-six, the Rhode Island National Guard has continued to show improvement in many departments, and a high state of morale has been maintained during the past year. The drill attendance, although not as favorable as last year, is still satisfactory. The reduction in percentage of attendance can be attributed somewhat to the reduction in Federal pay as well as the fact that many good men of the Guard are enlisted in the Civilian Conservation Corps, and this service has prevented their regular attendance at drills.

"The Guard has continued during the year to assist in welfare work and unemployment relief, by furnishing cots and blankets, as well as a considerable amount of transportation.

"Special mention is made at this time of the service rendered by Maj. John L. Danecker, 243d Coast Artillery (HD), R. I. N. G., who served as Chief of Staff to The Adjutant General, Marshal of the N. R. A. parade in Providence. The staff work of this officer in connection with the organization and movement of this parade of approximately 70,000 people was excellent.

"It is believed that the physical condition of the enlisted personnel of the Guard has been considerably improved. A system of medical inspections of all units was made prior to their field training and all men not up to a high standard were discharged before camp. This reduced very materially the number of disability cases which have developed heretofore at the expense of the State and Federal government.

"A bill was introduced at the last session of your Honorable General Assembly extending to the personnel of the Guard the benefits and provisions of the Rhode Island Workmen's Compensation Act. This bill failed of passage. It will be resubmitted this year, and it is hoped that favorable consideration will be given, in order that the officers and men of the Guard may be given the same compensation for injury in line of duty that other employees of the State receive.

"The strength of the Guard on Dec. 31, 1933, is one hundred and sixty-one officers, three warrant officers, and seventeen hundred and fifty-two enlisted men—total, nineteen hundred and sixteen; authorized strength, two thousand and two.

"All units were rated satisfactory, both for the armory inspections and the field training period.

"The 68th Field Artillery Brigade Headquarters and the 103d Field Artillery were converted from horse-drawn to truck-drawn units. All animals were disposed of and these units were the first in the United States to receive the new type material and the first to take it into the field."

—
Albany, N. Y.—The following officers were commissioned in the New York National Guard during the month of July, 1934:

Captains—Dwight V. Needham and Alfred E. Smith, Jr.

1st Lieutenants—Maurice L. Fauerbach, Patrick H. Meehan, George C. Murdock, John D. Thomson, Albert C. Magge, Joseph W. McCarthy and Donald N. MacLean.

2nd Lieutenants—Charles L. Rates, Thomas C. Rafferty and John L. Shanahan.

The following were honorably discharged—Capt. Edward F. Redmond and 2nd Lt. Howard E. Welch.

The following were transferred to inactive National Guard, at their own request—Capt. John V. Grombach and 1st Lt. Henry J. Quell.

International Polo

In anticipation of the coming International Polo Matches between the Mexican Army team and a United States Army team, the Mexican War Department has ordered the outstanding polo players in their army to assemble at Monterey, Nueva Leon, Mexico, for preliminary practice prior to their departure for Washington, D. C.

Monterey is located in a lower altitude than Mexico City; one that compares more nearly with that of Washington, D. C., which will enable the Mexican Army polo players to become acclimated at an early date after their arrival in Washington.

The Mexican Polo Federation has aroused great enthusiasm over polo throughout Mexico and the departure of the Mexican Army team to partici-

pate in the international matches in Washington on Sept. 19, 22 and 26, is looked upon, by the Federation, as a great step forward in the development of polo in Mexico.

The Mexican Army polo team, which engaged in a series of games with the United States Army team in Mexico City last year, is known for its hard riding horsemanship and fearless play. The team selected will be fully capable of extending any team the United States Army might put on the field, as the series last year which was won by the U. S. team, four games out of seven, only after a hard series, so stimulated Army polo in Mexico that the players have continued their intensive training in anticipation of a return match.

Polo, as played in the Mexican Army, is, of course, not as fully developed as

United States Army polo, but the team which will represent the Republic of Mexico in the coming International matches, is a carefully selected team, gathered together from all units of the Mexican Army, for preliminary training in Monterey before the selection of the five or six players who will represent their Government.

Ft. Sill Baseball

Ft. Sill, Okla.—At the end of the second split series the Second Battalion of the First Field Artillery is tied with the Eighteenth Field Artillery in the Ft. Sill baseball league, each having taken one split series. Each club won every game in their respective series.

Starting the third split season the Twenty-ninth Infantry won from the second battalion club by 9-7.

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